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Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1867. NUMBER 288.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

IT is conjectured, and not without reason, that if, in repealing the tax on cotton, the crop of the present year shall be included, the advantage will not accrue to the planters but to the brokers, and these mainly in the city of New York.

On Monday evening last, at a meeting of the First Presbyterian Church and congregation of Philadelphia, lately under the care of the Rev. Albert Barnes, a unanimous call was extended to to the Rev. Herrick Johnson, D.D., formerly pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church of this city, to become their pastor. This is announced in the Philadelphia newspapers.

AS WE JUDGE, the House of Representatives has acted wisely in voting not to discontinue land grants in aid of railway enterprises. Of course, proper discrimination should be exercised; but with this understanding no better use can be made of part of the public domain than donating it to aid in constructing railways designed to bring the whole under settlement. This policy has been tried, and the results have vindicated its judiciousness.

ALL day yesterday a snow storm prevailed in this city, and over a wide range of territory. Railroad transportation was very generally impeded. If a higher temperature shall now convert the snow into water, so as to raise the rivers to boating pitch, a vast relief will be felt not only in business circles, but in thousands of families depending for coal at reasonable rates upon increased depth of water in the channels.

THE *National Intelligencer* objects to the Suffrage Bill for the District of Columbia, just passed anew by Congress, on this ground, among others, that it is "an insult to the people of Pennsylvania." We are not aware that the people of this Commonwealth have given that journal a commission to protect their dignity or sensitiveness. When they do it will be in season for it to assume that protection, and not till then.

THE Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, in commenting on an article in the Albany *Evening Journal* urging the nomination of Gov. Fenton for Vice President on the ticket with General Grant, insisted that the claim of New York was barred by the dissensions existing among her prominent Republicans. The New York *Commercial Advertiser* maintains that this point is not only well, but conclusively, taken; and to give it additional effect proceeds to renew its contention with the supporters of the Governor. Queer fellows! some of the New York editors.

THE Associated Press dispatches, in common with some of the specials sent from this city, make a dead man of Mr. McCargo, the Republican candidate for Controller. Now, be it known that he is not dead, either politically or physically; but was elected, and is in case to perform the duties of his office.

About as dirty an electioneering trick as was ever resorted to, was that of circulating a story, while the voting was going on, that a candidate had ceased to exist, and hence, that voting for him was useless. However, the trick did not avail, either to kill or defeat Mr. McCargo.

EX-GOV. CURTIN still occupies a warm corner in the hearts of the people of Pennsylvania, and on every proper occasion he is made feel that his services to the State and country are remembered kindly by grateful citizens. He was a witness in a Philadelphia Court last Tuesday, in a trial which attracted very large attendance. In speaking of his testimony, the *News* Court reporter said: "Gov. Curtin's evidence was listened to attentively, and when he left the Court House he was bidden farewell to with many demonstrations of respect. He sat in an obscure corner of the bar, near the dock, during the trial, only appearing when his name was called as a witness."

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES considerations of party interest evidently have much to do in determining what financial policy members will espouse. The Republicans generally fear a commercial revulsion would be fatal to them, and are ready to adopt any plan that promises to avoid or postpone it. The Democrats believe a general collapse will bring them into power, if anything would; and, to this extent, would be glad to see it happen. It would be wrong to say that all the members are absolutely or even consciously controlled by these considerations; but whoever watches the divisions on financial questions attentively will see reason to conclude that what we affirm is true.

It is sometimes interesting to observe what "a sober second-thought" will do for a man. Take an illustration. On the evening of the recent charter election this dispatch was sent from the office of the *Republic*:

REPUBLIC OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10, 1867.
To Col. J. R. Flanigan, Editor of the Daily News:

Blackmore, our candidate for Mayor, is elected by over three thousand majority. We have carried our whole city ticket, and have a majority in every ward. Rejoice with us at the death and destruction of Radicalism in the smoky city. N. P. SAWYER,
Editor of *Republic*.

Yesterday the *Republic* made this declaration:

"The election of Mr. Blackmore was by no means a party triumph. Had he been nominated by the Democratic party he would have been defeated, the same as Mr. Bargwin was, for whom votes were demanded on the ground of party."

SOME of the newspapers affirm that the dying out among Senators of zeal for the restoration of Mr. Stanton to the War Department, is owing to the admirable manner in which Gen. Grant has administered its affairs during his incumbency. It is undoubtedly true that the General has abundantly satisfied the popular demand and the wishes of the Senate as well. But this does not cover the whole case. The Office Tenure bill declares that the President shall not remove any officer *appointed by him* without the consent of the Senate. Mr. Stanton was not appointed by President Johnson, but by President Lincoln. The law, therefore, seems not to reach his case; thought Senators started with the idea it did. The President goes farther, and holds that the law itself is void, because in contravention of his constitutional prerogatives. We think he has no such authority as he claims; and, more, that if he was possessed of such power it would be hostile to the essential elements of popular government, and ought to be taken from him with as little delay as practicable.

—The snow storm on Thursday caused the suspension of all trains on the Toledo and Ohio Railroad.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1867.

SENATE.

A memorial was presented by Mr. POMEROY from citizens of Minnesota, praying for impartial suffrage.

Mr. SHERMAN reported from the Committee on Finance a bill for the repeal of the cotton tax, and gave notice that he would call it up to-morrow.

Mr. PATTERSON, N. H., from the Committee on Retrenchment, reported a resolution that contracts for stationery and other supplies for the Executive Departments shall, in the present unsettled condition of the country, be made for a period no longer than one year Adopted.

Mr. NOYES introduced a bill to amend the various acts establishing a navy department. Referred to the Naval Committee.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN the Senate took up the bill in regard to the proceeds of captured and abandoned property.

The question was stated to be on Mr. Edmunds' amendment.

Mr. EDMUNDS stated that since yesterday he had learned the Secretary of the Treasury had been instructed to appoint treasury agents under acts of Congress. Mr. Chase had consulted the Solicitor as to whether he had authority to decide which was captured and which abandoned property. The question had arisen whether the President or Secretary had authority to submit the question to a commissioner, and particularly what had been called the Savannah cotton cases. The Attorney General had decided adversely. The Secretary of the Treasury, he believed, had given up no cotton in a manner conflicting with that opinion. He read a letter from the Attorney General, dated April 24th, 1866, expressing the opinion that certain property was unjustifiably seized, not having been the property of the Confederate States. This letter exonerated the Secretary of the Treasury from personal blame.

Mr. FESSENDEN said this matter was doubtless caused by such a misapprehension as aggravated by dissatisfied claimants. Of such property few had any conception of the trouble and difficulty entailed on the Treasury Department by large amounts of property coming from all over the country, which had been seized. The law did not mean that the gross receipts of captured property should be paid into the Treasury. Secretary Chase had established the principle of paying the expenses of captured property out of the proceeds. Would it be proper that which certain property was unjustifiably seized it should be sold and the proceeds paid into the Treasury? Mr. Chase had decided it would be first subject to proof. Another decision made it the duty of the army and navy receiving abandoned property to turn it over to the government. They had been in the habit of seizing property which had never been abandoned, and the Secretary of the Treasury had properly allowed proof of ownership. In act of 1864 it was provided that the proceeds, after deducting expenses, were to be paid into the Treasury, under which law he had assumed control of that department. He had thought less error in endorsing the matter referred to of the Solicitor of the Treasury, without sufficiently considering the difference between captured and abandoned property. Under the investigation would show that under his administration, and probably under that of his predecessor, no property subject to seizure they had exercised the most scrupulous care, so great care, indeed, that a part of the office was set aside for that investigation, with a competent gentleman detailed to pronounce on the legal aspect of the case. In addition to that he himself had always examined cases after a decision by this Bureau, and had sometimes set it aside. Mr. McCulloch had simply followed the decisions made out by himself and predecessor, and felt called to take a share of the blame, if there were any. If the bill should pass just claims against Southern property, depriving them of their remedy.

Mr. SHERMAN said when he claimed yesterday that the Secretary of the Treasury had conformed his action to the opinion of the Solicitor, the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Trumbull), had taken him by surprise in denying the fact. He read a statement from the Secretary's report, showing that the fact was as he had stated. He explained that the Committee on Finance had not examined them with on the bill on the representation of the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to proceeds of the thirty-four million dollars' worth of property. Doubtless it was not proper for that money to remain without being carried into the Treasury. If the Senator from Maine thought more time should be allowed, he had no objections.

Mr. FESSENDEN said the only reason for delay was that it was only the net proceeds that were to be paid into the treasury, and there were certain claims to be tested.

The morning hour having expired, Mr. COLLAMER rose to speak on Mr. Drake's resolution relative to the President's message.

Mr. TRUMBULL desiring to speak on the pending bill, on motion of Mr. SHERMAN it was postponed till to-morrow.

Mr. DRAKE rose to a personal explanation in regard to an attack upon him by the *National Intelligencer* and the New York *World*, based upon a correspondence in the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under the *nom de plume* of "Mack," the charge was that he (Drake) had voted in the Legislature of Missouri, in 1858 and '59, that negroes in his State should be put up by the Sheriffs at public auction. It would be unjust to himself and his State did he not pronounce the statement totally false. In August, 1860, he was elected to that Assembly, and took his seat, not having previously been a member. The previous winter the House passed such a bill, and after he took his seat a substitute was offered to the same effect. An amendment was offered, providing that negroes or mulattoes settling in the State since 1847 should be reduced to slavery. He had voted for it. The operation of it would have been confined to a small number. If the bill should have become a law, every negro in the State was to be enslaved, but he had voted against the bill on its final passage. The statement, therefore, was false and unfounded.

The SENATE took up Mr. DRAKE'S resolution.

Mr. JOHNSON spoke at length in defense of the President's Message, saying it was one of the best sent in by any President.

On motion of Mr. GRIMES the resolution was postponed till Monday, and the Senate took up the concurrent resolution to adjourn from the 29th of December to January, 1868.

Mr. SUMNER suggested it might occasion a pocket veto of the bill for further securing equal rights in the District of Columbia. He moved to substitute the 24th for the 28th. Lost.

The resolution was also lost—eighteen to twenty.

The President transmitted to the Senate his reasons for disapproving the Secretary Stanton. The papers in Fitz John Porter's case were also sent.

The Senate, about four o'clock, went into executive session and shortly after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. BROOMALL presented a memorial of various yearly meetings of the Society of Friends, praying for a change of the Indian policy, substituting efforts to civilize and educate in place of compulsion and war, and offering their gratuitous services in bringing about kind and christian treatment of Indians.

The SPEAKER presented a memorial from the Washington Monument Society for national aid to complete the monument. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SCHOFIELD introduced a bill providing for holding circuit court in the city of Erie, Pa. Referred.

Mr. ELLIOT offered a resolution directing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the causes that have produced the present depression in the shipping interests of the United States, and whether our maratime interests do not require a remission of internal duties on materials entering into the building of vessels, or some legislation to facilitate the transfer of foreign vessels to American owners.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested an inquiry also as to whether a return to specie payments would not be valuable to the interests of commerce.

Mr. ELLIOT declined to receive any amendment. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. LOGAN offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of locating at Cairo, or some other suitable place in Illinois, the Marine Hospital formerly located at Paducah, Ky., and destroyed during the rebellion. Adopted.

Mr. BANKS offered a resolution calling on the President for information as to the sale of public vessels since the close of the war. Adopted.

Mr. PILE presented the resolutions of a mass meeting at St. Louis on the rights of naturalized citizens to protection. Referred.

Mr. KERR asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Roads and Canals to inquire into the necessity, cost, &c., of constructing a canal around the falls of the Ohio on the Indiana side.

Mr. EGGLESTON objected.

Mr. CHANLER offered a resolution directing the Committee on Ways and Means to bring in a bill levying a tax on the crests and coats of arms on vehicles and household furniture in actual use.

Adopted.

Mr. BROOKS offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for copies of all general orders promulgated by the several commanders of military districts, and all special orders issued by them or their subordinates for the execution of reconstruction laws or in any way relating thereto.

Mr. WARD rising to debate, the resolution went over.

Mr. GETZ offered a resolution reciting that the cities of Boston and Pittsburgh had recently elected democratic Mayors, thus indicating a spirit of disloyalty, which should be promptly suppressed, and directing the Committee on Reconstruction to inquire whether Massachusetts and Pennsylvania have republican forms of government and do not need reconstruction.

A debate arising, the resolution went over.

Mr. LAWRENCE, Ohio, offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing by law that diplomatic and consular representatives of the Government to Hayti, Liberia, and other points of Africa, shall be selected from citizens of African descent.

The previous question having been seconded, and the main question ordered, Mr. CHANLER called for the ayes and nays on the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to reconsider the vote ordering the main question, that he might move to refer the resolution

The vote ordering the main question was reconsidered.

Mr. CHANLER moved to lay the resolution on the table—yeas sixty-three, nays seventy-seven.

The resolution was then, on motion of Mr. WASHBURN, of Illinois, referred to the Foreign Committee.

The House agreed to adjourn to-day till Monday, but reconsidered the action and meets to-morrow for general debate in Committee of the Whole.

A resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to relinquish to builders such iron-clads not required by the Government, on refunding the amount paid them, with abatement for injuries received, was, on motion of Mr. JUDD, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. WASHBURNE, Indiana, offered a resolution instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the expediency of extending additional bounty acts to widows of soldiers who died since its passage.

On motion of Mr. JULIAN, the Secretary of War was directed to report the information called for by the House resolution in July last respecting swamp lands in the South.

On motion of Mr. COOK, the Secretary of the Navy was directed to inform the House whether any of the public vessels sold since the war were captured from the enemy.

Mr. ROSS offered a resolution reciting that the report of the Secretary of War shows the expenses of the U. S. Military Department amount to about $77,000,000, being more than the same expenses of administering the National Government in its earlier and better days, and directing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the case in view of reducing the army to a peace establishment. Adopted.

Subsequently Mr. GARFIELD moved to reconsider the vote remarking that the preamble contained a reflection on Gen. Grant.

Mr. ROSS disclaimed any such purpose.

The vote was reconsidered and the resolution laid on the table.

Then Mr. BAKER offered a resolution reciting that it is on every account expedient that the military establishment of the United States should be as small and economical as is compatible with the real and absolute needs of the country, and directing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of so reducing the army, which was adopted unanimously.

Adjourned.

TENNESSEE.

Police Officer Indicted for Burglary—Heavy Bank Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, December 12.—The Grand Jury has found an indictment against J. M. Skills, an officer of the Metropolitan Police, for complicity in a burglary. Skills was one of Truesdale's detectives during the war.

The case of the holders of notes of the Exchange Bank of Tennessee against the officers of the State Bank of Tennessee and the State of Tennessee, to recover from one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred thousand dollars in bonds, which are alleged to have been abstracted from the State bank a number of years ago, has again been taken up in the Chancery Court. The decision of this suit involves nearly one million dollars.

BALTIMORE.

The Storm—Death of a Navy Engineer—Memorial for the Pardon of Dr. Mudd.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, December 12.—A heavy north east storm of hail and snow has prevailed since one o'clock last night.

Wm. Tipton, a chief engineer in the navy, died on Tuesday.

After the adjournment of the Convention of physicians of the State yesterday, an informal meeting was held and a memorial to President Johnson drawn up praying for the release of Dr. Mudd. The memorial suggests that if Dr. Mudd was guilty of any wrong, he has suffered sufficient punishment.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Sympathy for Executed Fenians.

Funeral Demonstrations Prohibited.

The "Times" on our Financial Difficulty.

Spanish Duties Abolished.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

FENIAN MATTERS—SOLDIERS ARRESTED.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Several British soldiers who participated in the ceremonies of honor to the executed Fenians, at Dublin, on Sunday, and marched in the funeral procession, have been placed under arrest and are to be tried by court martial.

Dispatches from all parts of Ireland give accounts of the exhibition of popular sympathy for Allen and his companions. In a number of the principal towns there have been funeral processions, in which large multitudes, wearing the national emblems, participated.

FUNERAL DEMONSTRATIONS PROHIBITED.

DUBLIN, Dec. 12.—The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has issued a proclamation declaring that the holding of public funerals for the Fenians executed for treason at Manchester is seditious, and prohibiting such demonstrations of sympathy in the future.

THE UNITED STATES COTTON TAX.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The *Times*, in an editorial on the prospective abolition of the tax on cotton, by the American Congress, says the financial difficulties of the United States are extreme, and expects the country will be obliged to resort to increased internal taxation and higher tariff, but believes the people will disavow any plan which has for its object the payment of bonds of the United States and interest thereon in paper.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England show bullion decreased 53,000 pounds.

SPAIN.

DUTIES ABOLISHED.

MADRID, Dec. 12.—By a royal decree the duties on cattle, provisions, breadstuffs, oils and machinery imported into the Island of Porto Rico, are abolished.

GERMANY.

FEDERAL COUNCIL ADJOURNED.

BERLIN, December 12.—The Federal Council of the North German Confederation closed its session to-day.

ITALY.

OPERATIC COMPOSER DEAD.

FLORENCE, Dec. 12.—Jean Pachini, the veteran operatic composer, died yesterday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, December 12.—*Evening.*—Cotton, American middlings 11d; and later, but the decline tended to render the market steadier with an increased activity of sales. Breadstuffs quiet.

The SPEAKER overruled the point of order.

Mr. FARNSWORTH suggested to the gentleman from Wisconsin (Doolittle) exhausted that suggestion last week, it should be considered "played out."

Mr. ELDRIDGE replied that if the remark was applied to the gentleman from Illinois, he would have been "played out" years ago.

Mr. MAYNARD offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of providing by law that diplomatic and consular representatives of the Government to Hayti, Liberia, and other points of Africa, shall be selected from citizens of African descent.

The previous question having been seconded, and the main question ordered, Mr. CHANLER called for the ayes and nays on the adoption of the resolution.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

Senate Officers—Republican Caucus.

The Whisky Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1867.

SENATE OFFICERS—A CAUCUS.

A caucus of Republican Senators was held this morning, to consider the propriety of a new election of officers of the Senate, and particularly a Sergeant-at-Arms in place of the present incumbent. After an expression of views and a unanimous feeling manifested, the matter was dropped, producing the impression that the whole subject is indefinitely postponed, there being no disposition on the part of the majority this time to make a change.

ARKANSAS AND MISSISSIPPI.

Gen. Ord has issued an order declaring that the Convention has been carried in Mississippi, and also in Arkansas, and he orders the Conventions to assemble at, respectively, Little Rock on this day, the 7th of January. The order says there are such irregularities at some of the precincts as to make it impossible to give to the votes in the States for and against a Convention.

THE WHISKEY COUNCIL.

The whiskey Convention reassembled to-day, and the following National Executive Committee was nominated: O. Perrin and P. M. Murphy, Ohio; H. D. Hunt and D. R. Shortwell, Mass; P. I. Howlett and Charles H. Curtis, Ills; J. M. Schirar and Thomas Swain, Ky; Geo. W. Simpkins and Henry C. Hartuck, Mo; S. P. Ingham, Jr., Geo. W. Kidd, and C. J. Stein, N. Y. Randolph Sahler Jno. Sherritt, Pa; Edward Watters and McOrchton, Md; and Mr. Julius Dorn, Ky., representing Ind.

A motion that the Convention meet at the call of its Chairman was adopted.

A resolution providing for the licensing of distilleries in $250 to $5,000, and taxing sales of distilled spirits, was adopted. Also, that the Internal Revenue efforts to promote the collection of legitimate taxes on spirits; also, defining the term distilled spirits to include spirits the product of distillation only, and each barrel shall be stamped, and any barrel found leaving the distillery unstamped shall be forfeited and shall be destroyed, and the distiller fined $300, the purchaser to suffer in the same penalties.

ST. THOMAS.

Arrival of the De Soto—Crew of a Wrecked Vessel—Yellow Fever.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FORT MONROE, Dec. 12.—The United States steamer De Soto, Commander Boggs, arrived here after a passage of six days from St. Thomas, with the Danish Commissioners on board, and also Rev. Dr. Hawley, who was sent out by our Government to secure the acquiescence of the people of St. Thomas to the annexation of the Island to the United States.

Wm. Moore, Vice Consul at St. Croix, and the officers and crew of the United States steamer Monongahela, which was wrecked at St. Croix, were passengers. Five men of the ship were drowned.

Capt. Darrow, of the United States Marines, and attached to the United States steamer Susquehanna, died of yellow fever at St. Thomas. Rear Admiral Palmer was very low with the fever. There were eighteen cases of yellow fever on board the United States steamer Don. The De Soto's boiler was temporarily repaired before starting from this place. She leaks but little.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 12, 1867.

THE STORM.

A heavy snow storm commenced last night and still prevails, with a high northeast wind. Railroad and steamboat communication is suspended or very irregular.

RIGHTS OF AMERICANS ABROAD.

Mayor Hoffman sent a communication to the Aldermen this afternoon, urging such action as would result in protecting the rights of American citizens abroad, in connection with the Fenian executions in Manchester.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

THURSDAY, Dec. 12.—Court met at the usual hour.

The case of Samuel Graham vs. John Carlin & Co; action for trespass on coal lands, taken up Wednesday is still on trial.

Following is the trial list for this day:
120. Jas. S. Wilson vs. Fairview Oil Refinery.
130. John McCloskey vs. N. J. Bigley.
131. Thomas Drennan vs. N. J. Bigley.
132. Henry Downs vs. N. J. Bigley.
133. Michael Bradley vs. N. J. Bigley.
134. John P. Gibson vs. Ardesco Oil Company.
137. Tug "Mary Savage" vs. Wm. H. Brown.
141. R. Forrester & Co. vs. J. Jennings et al.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

THURSDAY, December 12.—Court met at ten o'clock.

The case of Patrick H. Pierce vs. the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, reported yesterday, is still on trial.

Following is the trial list for to-day:
40. John Borzier vs. Fred. Halm.
48. A. A. Lynch vs. Steamboat Jacob Painter.
49. R. Wray, Jr., vs. Pitts. and Min. Railway Co.
52. H. J. Clary vs. Thomas Fox.
53. Wm. Smith vs. C. Odenwelder et. ux.
56. G. M. Park vs. August Bellsfest.
57. L. Einstein vs. Julius Elder.
58. Forsythe Bros. & Co. vs. Sellers, Canfield & Co.
60. Wm. Woodford vs. Adam Rush.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

THURSDAY, December 12.—Court met at ten o'clock, A. M., Judge Sterrett on the Bench.

CROSS-SUITS.

The trial of the cross suits for felonious assault and battery, to which Joseph Fiske and Samuel Keefer were the parties, was resumed Thursday morning. In trying the cases together, as those were tried, once side has an opportunity of testifying, and as a natural consequence the testimony was of a rather devouring to make the other appear the aggressor. The jury failed to agree and were discharged.

LARCENY AND BATTERY.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. Joseph Riven, William Brown and John Feckley, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, May 17th, 1867, on Andrew Kerr. The prosecutor resides on Knox's farm, on the Brownsville pike, in Lower St. Clair township, and he alleges that he was on his way home from the city, on the evening of the 4th of October, in company with a friend, and when about half-way between the city and Coltart's, the defendants who were standing in the road. Some words passed between them, and the defendants threw stones at the prosecutor, one of which struck him, and one of them struck him with some heavy instrument and knocked him down. The witnesses for the prosecution were all Germans, and spoke in the German language, and as a consequence the services of the Interpreter were required, which occupied more time than in cases conducted entirely in English.

The counsel for the defense moved that a *nol pros.* be entered in the case of Brown and Feckly, as there was no positive evidence to show that they acted in the assault, in order that they might be put upon the witness stand. The District Attorney objected, and the Court refused the motion. The defense offered no testimony and submitted the case to the jury under the charge of the Court without argument. The jury returned a verdict of aggravated assault and battery in the case of Riven, and found Brown and Feckley guilty of simple assault and battery. Riven was sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment of two months in the county jail, and the others to pay costs of prosecution and a fine of $25 each.

CUTTING AFFRAY.

Commonwealth vs. James Godfrey—Cutting and wounding, with intent to commit a felonious assault and battery upon the prosecutor, Samuel Franklin. The parties in this case, who are colored men, appear to have had some previous difficulty about a woman, and on the evening of the 27th of November they met at John Lucas' saloon, in the Third ward, Allegheny, where they entered into a game of cards, and while sitting at the table Franklin alleges that the defendant struck him on the back of the neck with a razor, inflicting a severe and dangerous wound, and then knocked him down with his fist. The defendant, by advice of his counsel, plead "guilty," and the Court, after hearing the statements of both parties, sentenced him to pay a fine of one dollar to the Commonwealth, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment at labor in the Western Penitentiary for the term of one year and three months.

Court adjourned.

The Weather Interfered.

The grand jury now "inquiring in and for the body of Allegheny county," having accepted an invitation to visit the "County Home," it was arranged by the jury to go out that institution yesterday—going by railroad as far as Mansfield, and thence to the "Home," two or three miles distant, in vehicles to be provided. The jury accordingly proceeded to the railroad depot yesterday forenoon to take the eleven o'clock train on the Pan Handle Road, but after waiting for some time it was officially announced that owing to the heavy storm and consequent obstruction to the track, the train had been discontinued for the day. Hence the jury were obliged to forego their visit.

Obstructed.—The Birmingham Passenger Railway was so much obstructed by the heavy fall of snow yesterday that but five cars were running, which is one half the regular number.

The Normal School Enterprise—Liberal Propositions.

The proposition to locate and establish a Normal School in this county, for the district (eleventh in number) comprised of Allegheny, Beaver and Butler counties, is exciting deserved attention, but as yet little progress has been made except in the way of liberal propositions by wealthy and influential citizens. The project is in the hands of a committee appointed by the Teachers' Association, and sub-committee on location consisting of Messrs. J. B. Lyon, of Liberty; A. T. Douthett, (County School Superintendent,) Jos. Dilworth, Liberty, Jas. Kelly, Wilkins, Colonel William Espy, Scott, and J. W. F. White, of Sewickly.

The act under which the school is proposed to be established (passed by the legislature in 1857) divided the State into twelve educational districts, and contemplates the establishment of a Normal School in each, to be supported as a State institution, and having for its object thorough instruction of those who may choose teaching as a profession. How such schools have already been established—in Lancaster, Erie, Tioga and Berks counties. The law requires that before such schools are recognized as State institutions, the projectors must furnish sufficient capital for the purchase of ten acres of ground, and a suitable building with accommodations for the boarding and instruction of at least three hundred scholars, and which must also contain a hall large enough to accommodate one thousand persons. In his last report, the State Superintendent of Public Schools stated that the policy the State has pursued towards these institutions, is to grant to each, at intervals, $15,000, to be used in purchasing ground and erecting and furnishing buildings, and after the schools had gone fairly into operation, to allow, under certain conditions, to each pupil designing to become a teacher, fifty cents per week, and to all graduates pledging themselves to teach two full years in the common schools of the State, fifty dollars. Under this arrangement, pupils entering one of the State Normal schools, and being prepared to take up the studies of the Normal course proper, receive nearly two dollars from the State, a sum more than equivalent to the average cost of tuition in these schools when paid by the pupils themselves. Disabled soldiers' children are eligible to these schools, and others lost their lives in the service of the country, receive twice as much per week as ordinary students.

The Committee on Location, at a meeting on the 2d inst., had under consideration four propositions, all of them more or less liberal, and have for their basis a donation of ten acres of land by the respective sites. The propositions are as follows:

1. Stephen Bayard offers thirty acres of ground, valued at four hundred dollars per acre, with buildings which cost $35,000, and cash subscriptions (by himself and neighbors) to the considerable amount, swelling the aggregate, including cost of buildings and value fixed on the land, to $49,000. This he proposes to locate in Lower St. Clair township, the central near McKeesport, and is known as the Bayard estate.

2. Col. William Espy offers ten acres of ground on the Washington road, in Scott township, three and a half miles from the city, with a cash donation of five thousand dollars. He will also guarantee a stock subscription of $20,000.

3. William A. Shaw offers thirty-nine acres of ground at Turtle Creek, with the old Allen Brown Hotel, containing eighty rooms, valued at $45,000, and a subscription of $10,000 to the stock in the institution.

4. James Kelly offers ground, from ten acres to as much as may be desired up to thirty acres, any place on the line of the railroad in Wilkins township, between Edgewood Park Station and Homewood station. This land is valued at two thousand dollars per acre. In case the committee should agree to locate on any of these sites, Mr. Kelly will also donate from ten to thirty acres of ground and give five thousand dollars in cash.

These propositions are certainly liberal, that of Mr. Kelly's particularly so, in the view that the location is considered the choice of the people, as if offers are made within ten days, the committee on location will call the general committee together and decide which of the sites shall be chosen. The following named gentlemen were added to the committee at the last meeting: Isaac Jones, George Wilson, Yankland, Mathew Hall, Dickinson, James Irwin, Fawn, David Lloyd, J. L. Graham, Allegheny, Geo. B. Riddle, Allegheny, J. F. Bidwell, Allegheny, J. Hunter, Tarentum, John Black, Turtle Creek.

Amusements.

RISTORI.—Owing to the prevalence of the snow storm last night the attendance at the Academy of Music on the occasion of Ristori's second appearance was very small, many of the seats secured in advance being unoccupied. We were sorry to observe this, although could not attribute to our people any want of appreciation of the greatest tragedienne of our day. To-night she appears for the *last* time in our city, that institution year's grand play of Marie Antoinette will be presented. This *role* is universally considered Ristori's best, and so touchingly portrayed as to call forth scenes of sorrow chasing each other in the life of this most unfortunate of unfortunate queens, that few can resist tears of pity and sympathy. The play is worked up with considerable license by the author, his aim being to render it even more tragical than it is in reality. The closing scene of all the scenes find a brilliant interpreter in Ristori, whose acting approaches perfection in many of the thrilling adventures of the unhappy queen, whose generous heart was crushed and torn by the cruelty of an exquisitively cruel people. It is to be hoped that on this grand occasion there will be a general repenting in Ristori, and that she may not again be chilled by a beggarly account of empty benches in a city so proverbial for paying homage to true genius and talent.

EMILY MELVILLE.—No actress on the American stage is more worthy encouragement than little Emily Melville. What she lacks in fire and brilliancy, she quite makes up in vivaciousness, mirth, song and good humor. She is pleasing in every sense of the word and could getting her to draw a laugh from the most stolid, or a tear from the eye of the most stoical. Last night she played at the Opera House, to the smallest audience we have ever seen assembled at that place of amusement, but she lost none of her mirth or gaiety, making the empty house ring with her silvery voice in song and her happy laugh in mirth. To-night she takes a benefit, and it is to be hoped that she will not be forgotten by those who have hitherto regarded her as the pet of the stage.

The business of the Opera House has been very light this season, and the management complain of heavy losses. Certainly a city of this size should support at least one place of theatrical entertainment.

MISS LANGER.—This gifted American actress will appear in her great impersonation of Elizabeth, Queen of England, at the Academy of Music, next Monday night. She is the English Ristori, and perhaps even greater than the Italian artiste, for while the latter is a master of musical language, the other has to interpret in the comparatively harsh words of our own tongue. But we do not propose here to draw lines of comparison between these great tragedienes, but simply to ask for the generous and patriotic Miss Langer a greeting in Monday night's saloon, at the corner of Fifth and Union streets. The prisoner was sentenced to pay a fine of $1 to the Commonwealth, costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment of one year and eight months in the Western Penitentiary.

Thomas Flavin, indicted for the larceny of a lot of queensware, was arraigned and plead guilty to the charge. The facts of the case were published in detail at the time the offence was committed. The prisoner was sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, return the property stolen, pay a fine of $1 to the Commonwealth, and to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a term of one year and three months.

Court adjourned.

The Weather Interfered.

The grand jury now "inquiring in and for the body of Allegheny county," having accepted an invitation to visit the "County Home," it was arranged by the jury to go out that institution yesterday—going by railroad as far as Mansfield, and thence to the "Home," two or three miles distant, in vehicles to be provided. The jury accordingly proceeded to the railroad depot yesterday forenoon to take the eleven o

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1867.

THE Republican National Convention having been called to meet on the 20th of May next, the respective State Conventions will necessarily be held at a still earlier period. In consequence of the Presidential canvass the State Conventions are of unusual importance, and it is of high consequence that the delegates thereto be of superior character.

A QUESTION of some nicety has arisen at Washington. By the Constitution the President and Senate are the treaty making powers; and they have agreed, by treaty, to buy Russian America and pay for it. By the Constitution, all bills appropriating moneys must have the sanction of the House of Representatives, and must even originate therein. It is proposed that the House shall refuse to vote the money to comply with the bargain with Russia and thus defeat the purchase. On the other hand, it is maintained that the House is bound to make the appropriation, whether it wants to or not, or that the Secretary of the Treasury would be authorized to pay the money by reason of the ratification of the treaty, even if the House failed to consent or even objected. This is a fresh illustration of the fact that the Constitution is not so perfect as some of our adulators contend.

EQUALITY OF RIGHTS.

England is experiencing the inconvenience and bitterness which, in the very nature of the case, always attend the holding of one part of the population of a country in a condition of inferiority to the other part. This discrimination is justified or excused partly by assumed differences of race, and partly by diversities of religious faith. On these accounts the English hold the Irish to be inferior, and refuse them, in many respects, equality under the laws. Conceding, in theory, that the Irish are entitled to be well and humanely governed, (to borrow an euphonism from the President's last message,) in practice the government maintained by the English is intolerable to those over whom it is exercised.

Our conservatives are striving to reproduce in the Southern States a condition of affairs analagous to that which prevails in Ireland; only with the infelicities multiplied and aggravated. They seek to base this discrimination ostensibly on differences of color, but, in reality, on the recent servile status of nearly half the inhabitants. These they propose to deny all participation in the government, except in bearing the burdens thereof. History is full of illustrations as to what "well and humanely governing," in such a state of things, actually means. It means constant and sore irritation of the population laid under disabilities, and this followed by severities intended to repress dissatisfaction, but steadily increasing the trouble.

In this way England has maintained a chronic "war of races" in Ireland for the space of three hundred years, and has constantly pleaded the ignorance, unrest and turbulence she has engendered or perpetuated as a valid reason for continuing a rule which is the source of the mischiefs she professes to deplore.

What our Conservatives are planning is a sort of black Ireland in the Southern States. They pretend to great zeal in "well and humanely governing" the blacks, but insist the governed shall have no share in the government. Under such stipulations "well and humane governing" never existed in this world, and never will, until human beings shall be transformed into celestial creatures. When a people are denied a hand in the government they are compelled to obey, they have nothing to expect but a despotism, and they will get nothing else however much they may expect it. Irresponsible power is always tyrannical power. Give any set of men absolute authority over another set, and the authority will be shamefully abused. He that does not know this is an ignoramus; while he that knows this truth and yet denies it, is a knave.

Nor is the case bettered by declaring that many or all of the blacks do not know enough to share wisely in government, or even to take care of themselves. Multitudes of white people are in the same predicament as the blacks in those particulars. How many white men can be found in every municipality whose battles of life are failures; who make no headway towards success because they are destitute of the materials which fit men to grapple with affairs and obtain the mastery! They fall out by the way; sink into supineness or worse; bewail their lot; curse Providence; drag out miserable existences, and die. Ratably to population there are many more of these inferior ones among the present generation of blacks than among the whites, and for good reasons; but taking the country through there are as many whites who do not take proper care of themselves, and have not sufficient force of character to do so, as there are blacks. In equity one rule should be applied to all these incompetents. We do not believe that subjecting either of these classes to tutilage would help their cases. There is but one way of learning boys to swim, and that consists in putting them into the water.

What the blacks require is not guardianship or governmental nursing. They are now freemen. What we demand is that all their rights as such shall be respected. The rest they must do for themselves. If they cannot endure the inevitable pressure that comes from contact with civilized society, they must go under, and the sooner the better.

We apply this same reasoning to the Indians, and hence we have found no occasion to indulge in any of the puerile sentimentality over their fate, either actual or prospective, which is common in certain circles. If they cannot or will not accept civilization, and hold their own against the inevitable competition, their fate is so sure that it can neither be averted or hindered. This is the ordination of nature, and any amount of whining about it, is of no avail.

The blacks are among us, not by their choice, but by our own. They did not intrude themselves, but by the rankest violence were forced in. There is no rational prospect of their going away, or being transported against their wills. Expatriation, without consent, would be a flagrant wrong to them and an indelible disgrace to all who should be concerned therein. The best that can be done with them is to give them an equal chance, and no favors, and then if they fail the responsibility will rest on their own heads.

But we cannot help remarking, in this connection, that the class of the Irish in this country that have filled, and are filling, the evil zed world with wail over the oppressions inflicted on them and their's by the English, are the most vindictive of all the inhabitants of this country in their language and demeanor towards the blacks. If allowed to have their way, they would trample them into the very mire. Why is this? Do they who carry sorrows learn no lesson from them? Do griefs only harden the hearts that endure them? Does companionship in suffering beget no sympathy? Has this enigma in character and development no rational solution? Yet to this animosity, which defies reason, the Democratic party coarsely panders, because to this section of our people it owes the strength that saves it from contempt or makes it formidable.

IN NEW YORK, all the way from Albany to Buffalo, it snowed several days last week, finally winding up with a northeaster, which made excellent sleighing.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE LOVER'S DICTIONARY: A Poetical Treasury of Lover's Thoughts, Fancies, Addresses and Dilemmas. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This is the most complete collection of poems on the affections extant in the English language, and consists of seven hundred pieces, chiefly lyrical. It is the result of many years labor and careful selection throughout the realm of song. The editor assures the reader that "nothing has been admitted into these pages which can wound the pure bright eyes" that shall read them. Many of the poems are of the most exquisite kind, and many are justly regarded as being among the best of the English classics. The volume sparkles throughout with gems, and will richly repay perusal. The most unloving nature could not well help feeling the power of love so beautifully woven in these hymns of affections. Rarely is there found such facility of reference, as is shown in its several indices: First, of Titles; second of Authors; third, of First Lines, and lastly, under title of "The Lover's Dictionary," occupying one hundred and seventy pages, in small print, ten thousand references to subjects in the poems quoted. Harpers have brought the book out in very elegant style of mechanical execution.

THE LAYMEN'S BREVIARY, or Meditation for Every Day in the Year. From the German of Leopold Schefer. By C. T. Brooks. Boston: Roberts Brothers. For sale by J. L. Read, 67 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Few books this season will compare with this elegant piece of book-making art. Rich cream paper, clear type, and handsomely enveloped in cloth, with gilt edges. It is really a gem of beauty. The book comprises twelve monthly divisions, and every month is filled up with a small poem for each of its days. The author by his position in society had rare opportunities, and had travelled considerably. He was a voluminous writer. His novels number in all seventy-three. There is a vein of Oriental splendor and musical reveries running through his writings. Pictures of Nature are woven in verse, tinged with the spirit of devotion, and which teach lessons of high toned morality. The writings of Schefer are very popular in Germany, and none more so than this book.

OUR MUTUAL FRIEND. By Charles Dickens. People's Edition. With illustrations by Marcus Stone. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. Pittsburgh: W. A. Gildenfenny.

This work when first issued by Dickens awakened in us the most thrilling interest from its perusal. Its characters are wrought out in powerful language, revealing a depth of human nature of the intensest kind. The reproduction of it in the "People's Edition," in such a convenient, compact form, and for such a low price, one dollar and fifty cents per volume, should attract numerous buyers. This makes the seventh volume of the series. It contains twelve engravings, and consists of 932 duodecimo pages, full bound in dark morocco.

ELEMENTARY ARITHMETIC, for the State; in which methods and rules are based upon principles established by induction. By John H. French, LL.D. New York: Harper & Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

The idea of this book is expressed in the preface to be two-fold. First, to give to young learners a good foundation for the study of the Science of Numbers, by basing all Methods of Operation on Principles; and second, to give them as much knowledge as possible of the business affairs of life, by the introduction of business transactions stated in correct business language. It certainly presents some new and valuable features, which commend them to the practical wants of this progressive age.

LIFE AND LETTERS OF MADAME SWETCHINE. By Count De Falloux, of the French Academy. Translated by H. W. Preston. Boston: Roberts Brothers. Pittsburgh: J. L. Read.

This lady had a remarkable history. Born in Moscow of an ancient and honorable family, by her marriage to a Roman General she was brought in contract with persons with the highest and most notable characters of the age. In the record of her life many persons who bore a conspicuous part in history at the commencement of this century, are brought to view. The various and remarkable phases of her life, to which she was subjected, only served to refine and purify her noble nature. Feeling the Catholic Church to be a truer and better home for her heart, she abandoned the Greek Church. But her life and daily practice showed that the dazzling splendor of the Catholic forms had no effect upon her, and was less a creed than her faith and hope. Its rare excellencies make it worthy of being largely circulated among Protestants.

THE FAMILY SAVE-ALL. Supplying excellent dishes for breakfast, dinner and tea from cold fragments. By the author of the "National Cook Book." Philadelphia: T. B Peterson & Brothers. Pittsburgh: W. A. Gildenfenny.

It is eminently American, and the receipts are all framed with a view to economy. Every receipt has been proved by the author at her own table, and from her own kitchen. It contains nearly eight hundred new American receipts. This work will be found thoroughly practical, and must be regarded with greater favor than many of the publications of this character, which lack this element. It is gotten up, too, in convenient form, and comprises 675 pages. Observations, witty and pointed, are appended to many of the receipts.

OPPORTUNITY. A Novel. By Anne Moncure Crane, author of "Emily Chesney." Boston: Tickner & Fields. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

The scenes narrated are laid on Baltimore, and the characters delineated and the incidents given, are skillfully done. Its author is said to be a lady of Baltimore. Life is presented in different forms, throwing light and shade upon the panorama. It will, doubtless, find a ready sale, and be a popular work among this class of publications.

CHRISTMAS BOOKS AND SKETCHES BY BOZ. Illustrative of every-day life and everyday people. By Charles Dickens. With original illustrations by S. Eytinge Jr. Boston: Tickner & Fields. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

That charming story, a "Christmas carol," is among the papers in this handsome volume of the Diamond Edition. The Christmas books are among the more recent of the writings of Dickens, while the sketches by Boz have long charmed the reading public. This is the thirteenth volume of this beautiful series. The admirable full paged illuminations number sixteen in all. We have commended this neat convenient edition before.

BILLY GRIMES' FAVORITE; or, Johnny Greenleaf's Talent. By May Mannering. Boston: Lee & Shepard. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This forms the second volume of "The Helping Hand" series. It is an admirable book for young folks. The wise sayings, crude and blunt as they were, of Billy Grimes, the old colored man, naughty conduct of Jack Tucker, Johnny Greenleaf's—afterwards a chaplain in the army, are presented in glowing colors. The touching army scenes during the late war at the close of the book are full of interest.

THE HARMITAGE and other Poems. By Edward Rowland Sill. New York: Leypoldt & Holt. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

The principal poem, "Hermitage," occupies nearly one-third of the volume, and forty-six small pieces the remainder. The first-named is a poem of some merit, and among the smaller ones there are some fine poetic creations. Some of these contain the sentiments of the author, showing his sympathies to be largely upon the side of justice and mercy. Several of the pieces are choice bits of poetic fancy and word painting. The volume is very neatly gotten up.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN LAWYER. New York B. W. Hitchcock.

This is a new, revised and enlarged edition of a work that has attained a good reputation. The design of it is not, as its title might be construed to import, to dispense with lawyers. Such an undertaking would be sure to bring more business than they would otherwise obtain. But the purpose is really to enable business men to facilitate their own operations by furnishing them reliable forms for various instruments, and to furnish them with a certain amount of legal knowledge bearing upon their transactions. To this end it is well adapted. The forms are drawn with commendable care, and legal requirements, as applicable to numerous cases, are stated with accuracy. To a certain extent such a work possesses great advantages, in the hands of men of business sense and experience. But in all cases of importance, where doubt is felt, the safest course is always to resort to a counsellor who understands his calling.

DOTTY DIMPLE AT HER GRANDMOTHER'S. By Sophia May, author of "Little Prudy Stories." Illustrated. Boston: Lee & Shepard. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This is the first volume of a series of "Dolly Dimple Stories," and presents the play scenes of children in a fascinating manner. There is a healthy moral tone pervading this dainty volume, which make it worthy of commendation to the young, and worthy of a wide circulation.

THE OLD FRANKLIN ALMANAC for 1868. Philadelphia: A. Winch. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

In addition to the usual information, it is brimfull of important facts and historical statistics, which will be useful to all classes of readers.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE. By John W. Forney. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers.

Colonel Forney went abroad in the early part of the last summer, and spent a number of months touring in Great Britain, and in various countries of continental Europe. He recorded his impressions of what he saw and experienced in a series of letters to the Philadelphia *Press*. These were so vigorously written; so admirably depicted many phases of life and manners; and conveyed such judicious ideas respecting eminent men and public institutions; as to create a demand for them in a more permanent form, which is met in this volume.

ITALIAN JOURNEYS. By W. D. Howells. New York: Hurd & Houghton.

No other land possesses so powerful charms as Italy. It is instinct with memories stretching back through the centuries beyond the birth of Christianity, and almost to the cradle of civilization. The spell binds the highly literate and the comparatively illiterate. The philosopher, the historian, the poet, the artist, the law-giver, and the theologian, find their reflections and studies running thitherward with marvellous certainty and strength. This volume is from a cultured pen, and will repay more than a slight perusal.

TEMPLE HOUSE. A Novel. By Elizabeth Stoddard. New York: Carleton & Co.

A tolerably well written story, with plenty of incident and sentiment.

MY FRIENDS. By Silvio Pellico. Boston: Roberts Brothers. Pittsburgh: J. L. Read.

Pellico was an Italian. He was born towards the close of the last century. He was a scholar, poet, journalist and patriot—in short, a genius and enthusiast. He loved liberty for himself and his native land, more than conservatives hold to be wise and prudent, and thus made himself obnoxious to the Austrian despotism. What and how he suffered and endured is recounted by himself in a style at once touching and scholarly. The publishers have added the allurements of art in fifty illustrations, and an ornate binding, altogether making the book peculiarly suitable for a holiday gift.

THE WIDOW'S SON. By Mrs. Southworth. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Bro. Pittsburgh: For sale by W. A. Gildenfenny.

The plot of this story is wholly different from that of any other of the productions of this author. The scenes in the Widow's Cottage are depicted with clearness and considerable strength.

THE YOUNG CITIZENS MANUAL. By Joseph Alden. New York: Sheldon & Co.

This is a text-book on government, designed for schools. Under popular institutions it is of especial consequence that the youth be well instructed in the rudiments of government, and this compend seems excellently adapted to promote that end.

ELEMENTS OF PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY. By John Rockwell, A.M. Philadelphia: E. H. Butler & Co.

This is the fifth book of the series of Mitchell's School Geographies. In it the writer has endeavored to unfold concisely, yet in their completeness, the principles and facts of Physical Geography, and has sought by the mode of presenting them, and by freshness of illustration, to uphold the intrinsic interest of this department of science. One hundred and fifty engravings and thirteen copperplate maps, executed in the first style of art, add interest and utility to the work.

FATE MAR, of Storm Cliff. By Sarah J. Pritchard. New York: Wynkoop & Sherwood, Publisher. Pittsburgh: John W. Pittock.

This admirable story has delighted thousands who have read it in the form of a serial in "Hours at Home." Devoid of all the sensational nonsense which, we are sorry to say, creeps into many of the more popular story books of the day, it is very readable and entertaining, and from page to page develops just enough plot to charm and carry the reader to the denouement, which is all that could be desired. The book is printed neatly and substantially bound, and, we believe, is the initial specimen of this new publishing firm, who enter into the business under the most favorable auspices.

HARPER'S BAZAR is obtaining a wide circulation already upon its intrinsic merits. It surpasses anything of the kind in this country, and doubtless excels similar publications in fashion circles across the waters. Among the best features is its high tone, and practical elements. Gildenfenney can supply back numbers, as well as its weekly issues, hereafter.

PURE LIQUORS.

Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors.	Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,	
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,	
Catawba Wine,	Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine,	Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,	
Pure Jamaica Rum.	
Pure Rye Whisky,	Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Rye Whisky,	Pure Rye Whisky.

AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market street. Corner of the Diamond and Market street.

de12:wtr

Faith Well Founded.

In old times, at the commencement of every season, it was the fashion to take a strong cathartic as a safeguard against a change of temperature. It was a worse than senseless practice. The people of our day understand the matter better instead of depleting the system they retain or fill it to the method they adopt they exhibit a wise discrimination. Instead of resorting to the vitiated stimulants of commerce, or any of the compounds derived from them, they put their faith in the only absolutely pure vegetable preparation in the market, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Their faith is well founded. Never has any tonic medicine been prepared with such scrupulous precision and conscientious care. It is a vegetable compound of which every ingredient is sound, wholesome and medicinal in the true sense of the word. Now, we have the prominent malarious complaints, one-half of the adult population of the United States suffer more or less either from diseases of the stomach, derangement of the liver, or affections of the kidneys. In no other land under Heaven are these maladies so general as in this country, and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is a specific for them all, unless organic in their origin, and therefore beyond cure. And let those who are fortunate enough to be exempt from them at present understand one great fact, viz: that an occasional use of this vitalizing tonic will as certainly prevent them as the sun will prevent the earth from freezing where its genial beams descend.

Coughing in Church.

Hundreds of persons destroy the interest of a whole congregation, by a continued coughing and sneezing, when in church, and frequently interrupt the preacher in his sermon, by a long bark, as unbecoming as it is dangerous to the health of the person himself. This need not be. DR. KEYSER, of Pittsburgh, has prepared a medicine which, although you can't carry it in your pocket, if you will take a dose before going to church, will allay all tickling and irritation of the lungs, and by a perseverance in its use for a day or two, will entirely cure the disease. SO DON'T COUGH ANY MORE IN CHURCH; THINK OF DR. KEYSER and his CHERRY PECTORAL: open your heart strings and purse strings, and you will be a better and happier man, and not be looked upon as one who annoys your neighbors. You can get it at any Druggists.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION OFFICE, for Lung Examinations, No. 120 PENN ST.

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE!

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all questions of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and in condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful specialty to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and readable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months	$2.00.
Six Months	4.00.
One Year	8.00.

Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the house of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week forty full columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the daily, and a choice selection of literary and scientific items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are looked upon as the law and gospel of the country, as reference in important issues, to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the particular transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their presentones to expire, as we are anxious that none of our readers should be disappointed in receiving it. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscription	$1.50.
Clubs of Five	1.25.
Clubs of Ten	1.15.

—and one to the getter up the club.

☞ For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia publishing the above, and sending us marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 12th day of December, A. D. 1867. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of MICHAEL McKEEVER, of the city of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
de6:1259 Attorney-at-Law, 84 Grant Street.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Friday, Dec. 13th, 1867,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

At No. 6 SEVENTH ST., Pittsburgh,

100 BARRELS OF FLOUR,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.
de6:1240

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
MEGGY'S VERDITER GREEN,
and all colors dry or in oil.
Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 480, 482, 484, 486 and 488 Rebecca Street and 44, 46 and 48 Locust street, Allegheny. s27

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA.,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, December 9, 1867.

ALLEGHENY CITY
COMPROMISE BONDS WANTED.

Persons holding Compromise Bonds of the City of Allegheny, Pa., are hereby notified that the Sinking Fund for 1867 will be invested in these Bonds at the lowest rates offered. Proposals will be received by the undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, the 1st of January, 1868.

D. MACFERRON,
Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.
de9:124

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, December 9, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
to the Holders of the

Six Per Cent. Municipal Bonds of the City of Allegheny,

That the Coupons on said Bonds, coming due January 1st, 1868, will be paid on said day (less the State tax,) at the BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. MACFERRON,
Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.
de9:122

JAS. B. NEANOR. JOS. HARPER.

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
229 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.
Consignments solicited.
REFERENCES—G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics National Bank; J. B. Dilworth & Co., W. T. Kennedy & Bro. de12:124

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—We are receiving a large supply of extra fine and London Layer Raisins, in whole and quarter boxes; also Seeded Raisins, by the pound; choice Smyrna Figs, in baskets; Prunes, in fancy drums; Prunelas and Imperial Prunes; Paper Shell Almonds, and a full assortment of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JNO. A. RENSHAW,
de2 Corner Liberty and Hand Streets.

100,000, 100,000, 100,000.

Just received, the above amount of

BROOM HANDLES,

Which will be disposed of at low rates, to the trade.

W. M. GORMLY, Wholesale Grocer,
n79 211 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

BOARDING.—A few Boarders can find

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH GOOD BOARD,

At No. 139 GRANT STREET.

Term moderate.

FIRE SCREENS
OF A NEW STYLE,

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at

107 MARKET STREET.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

NOTICE.—Whereas my wife, ELIZABETH J. HUTCHESON, on the 16th of October, 1867, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will not pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

WM. HUTCHESON.
Allegheny, Dec. 10, 1867. de11:123

CORN MEAL, HOMINY, BARLEY, &c.

100 bbls. XXX Hominy;
25 " White Corn Meal;
25 " Kiln Dried Yellow Corn Meal;
250 sacks Barley Feed;
20 bbls. Pearl Barley.
For sale by SCHOMAKER & LANG,
dec 174 and 176 Wood street.

MILLER'S LUBRICATING
BOILTONE HOPE PACKING, of all sizes, at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
no27 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10, 1867.

☞ THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1868, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

JNO. G. MARTIN,
de11:138 Cashier.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENT for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of CRAWFORD and MERCER STREETS, from Webster street to Bedford avenue; and POPLAR ALLEY, from Elm to Fountain street, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this Office, West Market Building, until MONDAY, December 23d, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
de11:135 City Engineer and Surveyor.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

GEORGE W. LEONARD, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of January, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Register at this office, at No. 83 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, to show cause, if any there have, why a discharge should not be grant d to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th & 28th sections of said act, will be held before said Register, at same time and place.

J. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said Dist.
de6:113 F

JOHN STEVENSON & SON,
No. 93 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.,
WILL OPEN ON
TUESDAY, December 17th,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Goods of Their Own Importation,
INCLUDING
English, French and Vienna Goods;
Parian Statuary, Vases, &c.
Bronze Statuary, Vases, &c.
Marble, Bronze, Alabaster and Gilt Clocks.
Fancy Gift Goods.
Work Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes.
Dressing Cases, Writing Desks.
Card Stands. Glove Boxes.
And other fancy articles suitable for
HOLIDAY GIFTS.
English Plated Goods, in great variety.
Bohemian Glass Vases and Stands etc.
ALSO, A FINE STOCK OF
Watches, Jewelry, Silverware & Diamonds.
Table Cutlery, and all goods in their line.
Having imported all our goods direct from Europe, we are prepared to sell at
Very Favorable Prices!
JOHN STEVENSON & SON.
de11:121

HEALING WITHOUT DRUGS.

The true curative plan or natural healing art is based entirely upon physiological principles—upon the ACTIVITY OF FUNCTIONS in appropriating or using the LIFE SUSTAINERS, and their natural value being assimilated in a manner that is potent in the BANISHMENT OF DISEASE from the system. But before we can heal through the inherent vital properties of the tissues, we bring the NATURAL MATERIA MEDICA to bear, in DRAWING OUT THE DISEASE MEDICINES, and morbid materials through the activity of the depurating channels, sanatory provisions and safety valves, with which the system is bountifully supplied. But when these are either obstructed or not understood, the penalty is the same; therefore instead of quaking fear we die before we have gained more money than we can use, it is our highest policy to learn the laws of righteousness in the bodily tabernacle, in order that we may live to inherit our natural wealth of happiness. By our normal tonics, alteratives, stimulants, sedatives, &c., we get the FRIENDLY changes of vital action, without the corrosive wounds inflicted by drugs. By a correct dealing with causes in the province of disease, we annihilate the whole catalogue of parasites, among which are tape worm, erratic worm, &c.; also, tumors, cancers, ulcers, abscesse, dropsy, insanity, diseases of the bones of mal itious custom and fraglities national, nervous, liver complaint, dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, and in short every disease that flesh is heir to, provided our remedial plan is strictly adhered to. We do not expect to please all. But those who have been the victims of allopathy, and ingenious lingo of similia similibus curantur, and contraria contrarious curantur practice; and now with PHYSICAL REDEMPTION, its its broadest sense, can live the Vis-Conservatrix Naturae Method, by giving us a call, at No. 30 CENTRE AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
de4:191

To the Churches and Charitable Institutions of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Vicinity.

THE CONVICTION HAVING become deepened in the minds of those most active in the Charitable Societies and Sunday Schools of the city that much effort for Sunday Schools is made useless, and charity to the poor wasted through the lack of a common basis of operation and a mutual understanding among the different bands of workers, the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association, at the recommendation of its Committee on City Evangelization, have resolved to call a Conference Meeting of representatives from the various churches and charitable societies, for an interchange of views and experience on these most important subjects.

It is earnestly requested that each Church and Association be represented by its Pastor or President and one or more members.

The meeting will be held IN THE BASEMENT ROOM OF ST. ANDREW'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Hand street, on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, AT 7½ O'CLOCK, P. M.

Rev. S. F. SCOVEL, Co'. J. S. CLARKE, D.D., Rev. W. H. LUCKE, Rev. JAS. S. DICKERSON, H. K. PORTER, JNO. S. PAXSON, OLIVER McCLINTOCK, Committee on City Evangelization.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES!

DRESS GOODS,
ELEGANT POPLINS,
FANCY SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, &c.

JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.

PITT ALLEY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess benefits and damages for the

Widening of Pitt Alley,
THIRD WARD, ALLEGHENY,

From Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue, will meet on the premises to fulfill the duties of their appointment on MONDAY, the 23d of December, 1867, at 2½ o'clock P. M.

JOHN ALSION,
JAMES GRAHAM,
SIMSON BULFORD.
de9:116

P. McARDLE,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 93½ Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,
ALSO, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER in the latest styles.

ENGLISH BLANKETS,
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
COUNTRY FLANNELS,
WELSH FLANNELS,
SKAKER FLANNELS.
PRINTED FLANNELS,
For sale at low prices by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
de12:

AT EATON'S,
17 FIFTH STREET.

At Reduced Prices.

BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
WOOLEN HOODS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
WOOLEN YARNS.
Just Received,
MEMPHIS SHEET WADDING.
de12

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST RODS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS, At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
de6:1169 GUILWAY FORRESTER & CO.

GEORGE HEAVEN,
CANDY MANUFACTURER,
And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,
122 FEDERAL STREET, second door from 6 & 8 First National Bank, Allegheny City.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Reineman, Meyran & Siedle,

Jewelers,

42 FIFTH STREET,

BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE that they will RE OPEN THEIR

New Store to the Public,

ON

MONDAY, Dec. 16,

With an ENTIRE NEW and an unusually large and elegant stock of fine

GOLD AND SILVER GOODS,

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

CLOCKS, PLATED WARE, &C.,

ALL AT

EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

P. S.—Our temporary place of business, No. 29 FIFTH STREET, next to Bank Block, which has been occupied by us during the erection of our New Store, will be continued until everything is sold out.
de13:137

PROSPECTUS FOR 1868
OF
THE NEW YORK LEDGER.
The Great Family Paper.
All the Great Writers Write For It.

The reason that the NEW YORK LEDGER has the largest circulation is, that it is the best PAPER. Why should it not have the largest circulation? More labor, more talent, more money, are bestowed upon it than upon any other paper. Its motto, one to always pays a dividend. The leading Clergymen of the United States, the Poets, Authors and Statesmen of the country, are among the contributors to its columns. The Prairie Waif's gold mine can be found in every No. of the *Ledger*. We have always had the BEST WRITERS, and always shall have them, and want to pay. Whatever we have promised in our advertisements we have before, our readers will bear us witness that we have always performed; and not only that, but a great deal more. As an instance, in our last Prospectus we announced a story by HENRY WARD BEECHER, which we gave; but we did not announce ROBERT DALE OWEN'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY, which we are now publishing, or old Mr. SANTA CLAUS' series of articles entitled ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN, by the late Prince of Detectives. The one on which the LEDGER is conducted is to get the best of everything, and we intend to have good articles, not. The public recognize this fact, and it is from their desire to obtain the very best paper that their sales of the LEDGER have become of such unparalleled and unapproached circulation, being over three hundred thousand copies.

Next, for the new Year: All our present corps of popular authors will continue to write for the LEDGER. In addition to this, for the Year will be a new story by Mrs. SOUTHWORTH; the "Confidential Correspondence" will continue its Autobiography; F

The Pittsburgh Gazette

GLEANINGS.

—Senator Wilson is in Richmond.

—Gen. A verill is in Philadelphia.

—Du Chaillu lectured in Detroit yesterday.

—Edmund Kirk and his wife have separated.

—Hyppo-Olymphiad is the Arkansas name for circus.

—The most popular ballad singer in London is Boosey.

—Queen Victoria has sent $1,000 to the West India sufferers.

—Fifty six foot Highlanders were part of the recruits to the Papal army now.

—A fifteen pound fox was chased and captured in Lancaster county last week.

—Gilt lobsters as head dresses are thought in Paris to be the thing, just now.

—Mr. Dickens took fifty-three minutes to dine last Sunday.—*N. Y. Exchange.*

—The Hatchatchi is said to surpass the Yo Semite valley in beauty and grandure.

—An exchange calls babies hollow joys. We think some teeth are hollow miseries.

—A bull in New York ate up twelve turkeys, feathers and all, for its Thanksgiving dinner.

—What nose is more brilliant than a toper's nose? Volcanoes.—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

—Club life is not successful in Washington, and clubs are, or have been heretofore, failures.

—The last gasp of the New York *Evening Gazette* was a characteristic one, "The wages of sin—dolors."

—The inventor of the needle gun is dead. We do not know whether the Chassepot killed him or not.

—Yesso, a Japanese island, is formed altogether of valuable minerals, coal and iron predominating. Jess-so.

—Saranac, Michigan, has a skating rink, which has been crowded daily and nightly ever since it was first opened.

—Counterfeiters have made themselves disagreeable to Mr. Dickens. They have forged his tickets and sold them for $35 a piece.

—One of the Black Crook girls sang in a church the other day, and shocked people dresdfully when they heard of it afterwards.

—The Irish and the African drama have superseded the Yankee one on our stage —so poor Yankee Robinson has gone into bankruptcy.

—George Francis Train says he has made a quarter of a million during the last year. He may well be called a Train of fortunate circumstances.

—A man in Waltham, Massachusetts, has played the fife for military companies since 1800. He fifed all through our three wars since the revolution.

—One lady lost a million dollars by the failure of the Bank of Liverpool. She ought to be ashamed of herself. We never lost a million, and don't expect to.

—A testimonial benefit has been tendered to Mrs. Lander by some of the most prominent citizens of Philadelphia. The lady has accepted, and will play Macbeth.

—A widow, in New Haven, has been sued for $20,000 for breach of promise. We cannot see why men should not have shinplasters put on their wounded hearts sometimes, as well as women.

—An Illinois editor wrote that "two thousand car loads of oats have come east over the western railroads. An Illinois printer made him say that "two thousand car loads of cats had come east, etc.

—WANTED.—A fire insurance office willing to take risks on Secretary Seward's late purchases among the West India Islands," says the N. Y. *Herald.* We think the Ætna would be an appropriate applicant.

—A lady was drowned in the river at Peoria last week. She was known to be somnambulistic, and it is supposed (for beyond conjecture, no one, can go in such cases) that she walked out on the ice and was blown into the river.

—Austrians, like Americans, like to look on the bright side of things, and prefer to have the silver linings of the clouds outside. A recent Vienna writer says, "Sadowa was an excellent thing for Austria." We hope it was.

—Dexter doesn't shy any more. Bonner has cured him. We would suggest that Dan Rice be engaged to teach the animal to write, and that he then contribute to the *Ledger.* It would certainly look well on the posters, "Dexter writes for Bonner."

—E. S. Chesebrough, the accomplished engineer who conceived and constructed the great lake tunnel at Chicago, was, on Thanksgiving day, presented with $11,000 as a token of the high esteem, etc., etc., by some of the prominent citizens of Chicago.

—At a fight in Chicago, on Tuesday, a man had a piece of his upper lip, nearly an inch square, bitten off by his opponent. Two of his fingers were severely lacerated by the same formidable teeth, and it was only by an unusual exertion that the victim escaped at all.

—The London *Times* says that Mr. Johnson learns nothing, that he regards his position as monarchs regard their prerogatives, and that he forfeits all respect. We acknowledge all this of course, but it is nothing new, and comes with as ill grace enough from the *Times.*

—England is selling out her wooden walls; this is horrible to think of; soon, if she goes on, she will offer her white cliffs to the highest bidder, and she can't be "merry England" as long as the Fenians bother her so; what then is left of the good old attributes? Nothing at all, for even the tories are turned liberal and Earl Derby is a Radical.

—A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* wants the Government to reserve a few square miles of property near the centre of Kansas on which at some future day to erect a National Capitol, to which the public offices should be removed from Washington. His reason for this choice of situation is that it is central. This we would acknowledge as far as space is concerned, but when we take population and civilization into consideration, we find that Kansas will not be central for a century or so, if ever.

—The "Fat Contributor" is in Chicago. He emulates Dickens in his advertisements, for, though he does not mention the amount of time necessary to elapse after the seating of the audience before he will deign to administer to their amusement, he does mention that he prefers to have people wear strong and well made clothes when they come to hear him, as he objects to having such things burst in his presence. Mr. Dickens would probably object to being compared with the fat contributor, but we think the latter's joke is quite as good as that of the great novelist.

—Of the meeting of the Union League on Monday evening, at which General Grant was nominated, the *Philadelphia Bulletin* thus expresses itself: "It was emphatically an assemblage of the solid men of the city. Merchants, judges, lawyers, soldiers, manufacturers, physicians, artists, bankers, capitalists, the gray-headed Nestors of the community, and the active, energetic young men who are the bone and sinew of the present generation, public men and private citizens, the best types of the enterprise, the intelligence, the patriotism, the public spirit, the moral power of Philadelphia.

—An interesting trial is going on in Martinsville, Ind. The son and heir of a dead man put in a claim of $200 for shaving his own father, while said father was lying helpless on his death bed. The "keen" of the whole transaction is, that the son was living on the farm of the father during his illness, received the profits of the farm, and paid no rent. That's highly filial.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption.

Is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. **For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. 1y31 d&eow

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostate gland in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, Use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. sep4 MWF

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, And all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, Whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, From whatever cause originating, and to whatever of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs requires the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or incurable cases, and Death are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, ● 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists. sep3 MWF

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic, HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. sep3 MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower for which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, all like expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor. Immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. sep3 MWF

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breaching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Connections, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Setting Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja6:1yd

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek, is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue. sep3 MWF

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Success ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS.)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundersand Machinists, Pittsburgh, Manufacturers of Boat and stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:1yd

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. sep3 MWF

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Bridging and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Heads, Spelter, Solder, &c. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals. Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 120 FIRST STREET, and 126 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4:cod:dwT

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. sep3 MWF

THE HEALING POOL,

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and DISEASES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with it sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. sep24:dwT

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH. sep3 MWF

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 218 PENN STREET,

wh30:1y62 PITTSBURGH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. s p 3 MWF

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. sep3 MWF

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. sep3 MWF

Cheap Soap! Good Soap!

NATRONA REFINED SAPONIFIER!

or

Concentrated Lye.

2 Cts. a lb. for Superior Hard Soap.

TWELVE POUNDS OF SOFT SOAP FOR ONE CENT.

Every Family can Make their Own Soap.

ALL VARIETIES OF SOAP.

As Easily Made as a Cup of Coffee.

Is a new Concentrated Lye, for making Soap, just discovered in

GREENLAND, IN THE ARCTIC SEAS,

and is composed mainly of Aluminate of Soda, which, when mixed with REFUSE FAT, produces the

BEST DETERSIVE SOAP IN THE WORLD.

1 Box will make 175 lbs. good Soft Soap, or its equivalent in superior Hard Soap.

Retailed by all Druggists and Grocers in the United States.

☞ FULL RECIPES WITH EACH BOX. ☜

Dealers can obtain it wholesale in cases, each containing 40 boxes, at a liberal discount, of the wholesale Grocers and Druggists in all the towns and cities of the United States, or of

CLIFFORD PEMBERTON, General Agent, PITTSBURG, PENN.

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN CRACKLE SOAP

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. my23:wr

L. N. HALL, Manufacturer o HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,

Wholesale and retail dealer in TOBACCO CIGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, &c. Louisville Tobacco always on hand.

184 WOOD STREET, Corner Liberty, Pittsburgh, P

o12:128

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARRED FLANNEL!

THE WELL KNOWN

KITTANNING

BARRED FLANNEL,

In Black and Red,

AND

BLACK AND WHITE.

A LARGE STOCK.

AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES!

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

54 Wood Street.

GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

MOUS DE LAINES, worth 75c. for 20c.
CALICOS, worth 16c. for 12½.
EMPRESSE ALL WOOL, worth $1 for 75c.
Do. do. " $1.25 for $1.
HEM STITCHED HANDK'FS, cheap.
EMBROIDERED do. do.
PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.
PAISLEY BORDERED SHAWLS.
BREAKFAST SHAWLS.
SCARFS, &c., &c.

Remember the place,

No. 97 MARKET STREET.

de7

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 MARKET STREET,

Would invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of

Ladies' Wool Shawls;
Ladies' and Children's Wool Hoods;
Ladies' and Misses' Balmoral Skirts;
Children's Wool Mittens;
Children's Wool Leggins;
Wool Wristlets, of all colors.

We also offer for sale one of the finest and cheapest lots of

Ladies', Gent's and Misses' Gloves,

Buck, Cloth, Merino, Silk, &c.

We have also in stock the most complete assortment of

Gent's Merino and Wool Coats; Gent's Wool and Merino Shirts and Drawers; Gent's Cassimere Traveling Shirts; all the best styles of Collar and Tie Scarfs, a large stock of Searfs, at lowest Eastern prices. A splendid lot of

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Also, Lace Collars, Lace Handkerchiefs, Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, Fine Berage for Veils; Fine Silk Tissue, for Veils, &c.

Jobbers as well as retail buyers, will do well to look over our stock, as we are able to suit the tastes of the most fastidious.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

de7: 78 and 80 Market street.

THE GREAT SALE

STILL CONTINUES,

AT

77 and 79 Market Street.

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVING.

Bought very low, and which will be offered at VERY LOW PRICES. Call and see the

French Corsets at $1.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

PROCURE BARGAINS,

As we are determined to close out our present stock before the New year.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

de7:

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Nos. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams Checks Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, P. F. & M. Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Ticks, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics; a full line of Notions and Small Goods, carried financials, of Eastern and home manufacture

We are agents for FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, and COUNTRY BLANKETS, sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices. A full line in all departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a fine assortment of

FURS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

no7:3.

DENNISON & HECKERT. DENNISON & HECKERT.

GENT'S UNDERWEAR.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
MISSES' UNDERWEAR,
BOYS' UNDERWEAR,
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

A complete line of sizes, in

SILK, ALL WOOL AND MERINO,

At prices as low as before the war.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

no23:

THE NEW

"GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET,
GENUINE FRENCH CORSETS,
ELEGANT KNIT SHAWLS,
ALEXANDER and
COURVOISIER KIDS,
NEW STYLES OF TRIMMINGS,

Just opened at

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

19 Fifth Street.

no23:

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO., (Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

third house above Diamond alley, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

5,000 ACRES OF VALUABLE Timber, Coal and Mineral Lands FOR SALE.

Situate on the line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in Cambria county, within a short distance of Summer, Station. Has a frontage on the Railroad of nearly three miles. Several veins of the best quality of pure rich bituminous coal underlay the whole tract. The veins rise gently from the Railroad towards the rear of the property, thus making it favorable for mining and easily drained. There is a large market for coke and it will, at no little cost, be manufactured. The property contains, besides the coal, several veins of splendid IRON ORE; also LIME STONE, Fire and Potter's clays, sand stone for building and for glass manufacturers. Not far beneath the bed rock of the coal formation lies a valuable bed of Iron Ore, which has been tested and worked with profit. A great portion of the tract is covered with valuable timber of large growth, such as Ash, Beech, Elm, Poplar, Oak, &c. The facilities for transporting this timber, when manufactured into lumber, either east or west, are unsurpassed. There is a water power Mill on the property, and on the tract, and at the Railroad Station there is an extensive Saw Mill, recently erected and now cutting 10,000 to 12,000 feet per day. The demand for lumber at this point is constant, and a good market supply could be readily sold at the mills, like there is ample room and timber on this property for several such mills.

The improvements on the property are worth from $40,000 to $50,000. There are two large mansions built for former proprietors in elegant style; a large store room, office, &c., and about ten tenements for workmen, with stables, &c.

These lands are also well adapted to farming purposes, and under proper agricultural treatment would yield good crops while they are specially adapted to grazing purposes.

For further particulars apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,

128 Fourth Street.

no30:h90

FOR SALE—Two Lots, each 30 by 100 feet, on Warren street, between Sedgwick and Webster street, on which is erected a one story frame house of four rooms and basement kitchen. On said lots is a well of good standing water, a bake-oven, some grape vines, &c., which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for a small farm, within 25 to 50 miles of the city, near the line of a railroad.

Also, the best Hotel in the Borough of Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, Pa. This is a large four story brick building, of 54 rooms and a basement kitchen. Lot 80 feet front, and is situated on the corner of Philadelphia and Clymer streets—on a lot 60 by 30; and on said premises is a frame house 24 by 60 feet, used as a wood house in the lower story and bull room above; also, a frame stable 30 by 80 feet; also, a half lot, 50 by 160 feet, on which is a large frame stable, used as a livery stable. The whole property has recently been painted and repaired throughout, and is one of the best locations for a public house in Western Pa., and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

Also, a Farm of 152 acres, at half price, to a cash customer. This farm is in Derry township, Westmoreland county, 2½ miles from a station on the Penna R. R.; 110 acres of cleared land, under good fencing; the residue 42 acres in good white oak, black oak, hickory, black walnut and locust timber. The is a fruit farm, in a high state of cultivation, with good and comfortable dwelling house, containing 8 rooms; large barn, 50 by 85 feet, and has coal and limestone under the house tract, and is convenient to churches schools, mills &c.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. ZWEIER,

de13 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or, CHAS. H. LAMBORN, Sec'y, St. Louis, Missouri.

au14:

HOUSES! HOUSES!

One three-story Brick.....$10,000
One three-story Brick..... 8,000
One three-story Brick..... 7,000
One three-story Brick..... 6,000
One two-story Brick..... 2,500
One two-story Frame..... 2,000
Two two-story Frames, each..... 1,800

FOR SALE BY

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

de3:el

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE—A tract of 400 acres, of which 200 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., 2 miles south of West Finley, and 8 of a mile from Taylorstown. Is convenient to churches and schools. Has on it two log houses, new stable and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apples, pears, peaches, plums, &c.

Also, a tract of 150 acres.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stock and Real Estate,

au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his

Flouring Mill with about Fifteen Acres of Land,

Situate in Murrell township, Westmoreland county, twenty-two miles above Pittsburgh, and one mile from Chartiers Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The mill has good order, has two run of burrs, good steam and water power, metal of timber, of the latest. The land is nearly all bottom, and under good fence. Frame barn, stable, &c. Also, 100 acres out of coal near the river.

Enquire of PEYER SNIVELY,

de9:tf:tf On the premises.

FOR SALE OR RENT. CHEAP—A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad, containing 12 acres of improvements, two houses and stables, good orchard; all under good state of cultivation. Also, several other Farms, in good localities and well improved, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

116 Grant street,

ap9:z52 opposite the Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE. Capable of raising 1,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagons and horses, &c. Also, several fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 40 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river; will be sold low and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 89 Grant St., opposite Court House. au17

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE, Hill district, corner of Duncan and two Streets, Pittsburgh. Lot 36 feet by 100 feet, extending to an alley. Frame house, two stories high; has good cellar; large porch in front; hydrant water on the lot. Price $1,700.

Apply to R. McCALL & CO.,

de4 1 2 Fourth street.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

THIRD ARRIVAL OF WINTER GOODS.

Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits *And Overcoats.*

A large stock at the lowest prices.

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

WINTER GOODS.

E HOUSTON & CO.,

Fashionable Merchant Tailors,

NO. 37 FIFTH STREET,

Have just received a second supply of

Winter Coatings,

Together with full lines of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, all guaranteed and prices very reasonable.

A full supply of Men and Boys' READY MADE CLOTHING on hand, at prices to suit the times. nov5:hf5

FRED. ANDERSON.....THOS. G. WILSON. (Late of Anderson & Meyers.)

ANDERSON & WILSON,

Merchant Tailors,

AND DEALERS IN

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

129 FOURTH STREET, near Smithfield.

Just received, our Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Overcoatings and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which we are prepared to make up in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. Call and see us. oct8:z6f

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JONES & DUFF,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET, have just brought from the east a full supply of WINTER GOODS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, &c., which they are prepared to cut, and make up in a style equal to any shop in the city. They are determined to deserve and hope to receive a liberal patronage. no22:hf4

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

46 MARKET STREET,

A general assortment Jobbing Tobacco, Pipes Tobacco Pouches always on hand. mar 27

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST ALLEGHENY.

jy6:hf5

CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery,

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Between Seventh and Liberty.

☞LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

le23:m6

STREET COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Nov. 23d, 1867.

NOTICE.—In pursuance of a resolution of Councils, adopted the 18th inst., I hereby notify all persons whose gas and hydrant stop cocks project above the level of the pavement to have the same lowered to said level within ten days from the date of the publication of this notice, otherwise they will be broken off in accordance with the terms of said resolution.

THOMAS McGRAW, Street Commissioner.

no22:hd1

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

1867. **WINTER STOCK.** 1867.

CARPETS,

MATTINGS, OIL CLOTH,
WINDOW SHADES,
DRUGGETS,
MEDALLION DRUGGETS,
MATS AND RUGS,
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
ALL-WOOL INGRAIN.

A good assortment, at VERY LOW PRICES.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Street,

de7 (OVER BATES & BELL'S.)

CARPETS AT COST.

For a Short Time.

PREPARATORY TO TAKING STOCK

A Very Large Assortment of

OIL CLOTHS, Window Shades,

HOLLANDS,

AND

Cheap All-Wool Ingrains.

McCALLUM BROS.,

51 Fifth Street, above Wood.

no30

CHURCH CARPETS.

In the selection of our stock we have made this a

SPECIALTY.

The largest assortment,
The most appropriate designs,
The handsomest patterns,

Of all Qualities and Styles of CHURCH CARPETS,

To be found in this market, and offered on all Churches and Denominations at

Eastern Wholesale Prices!

All goods in our line at a great reduction from last season's prices.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & COMPANY,

No. 28 FIFTH STREET.

no20

NEW FALL STOCK OF **CARPETS.**

McFARLAND & COLLINS

OFFER TO CASH BUYERS

BARGAINS AT RETAIL.

Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,

NEXT TO UNITED STATES CUSTOM HOUSE,

SECOND FLOOR.

oct9:7:TH:1&WT.

ENGLISH WOOLEN DRUGGETS,

AND

CRUMB CLOTHS,

NEW PATTERNS,
BRIGHT COLORS,
BEST QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

Nos. 71 & 73 FIFTH ST.

no7

CHEAP ALL-WOOL *INGRAIN CARPETS,*

In bright colors, at 75 cents to $1.00 per yard.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

no6

DOUBLE WIDTH English Tapestry *BRUSSELS CARPETS,*

In private patterns, just opened by

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

no6

COCOA MATTINGS,

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

no6

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO'S. TRIUMPH

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

235 LIBERTY STREET.

Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

☞SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON. my1:n83

N. HOLMES & SONS, BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

U. S. Securities,

Including U. S. SIXES OF 1881;
do. do. 5-20s;
U. S. FIVES 10-40s.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS,
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.

ja30:z1

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,

293 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THIS BANK WILL OPEN A

General Banking Business,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING-HOUSE, ON

Monday, November 18th, inst.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants are invited.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 65 Fourth Street,

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,353,006 54.

Open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December as principal. Any time without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book.

Sums less than five years will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Bachofen,	M. Pollock, M.D.,
Benj. L. Fahnestock,	Robert Robb,
James Phillips,	James H. Hoffmaster,
James McAuley,	James Shields,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock.	Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson,	Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams,	Wm. J. Lynch,
Geo. R. Hindle,	Peter A. Madeira,
George Black,	John Marshall,
Mill Barry,	Peter J. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier,	John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colon,	Peter McKinney,
John Evans,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
Peter C. Gillespie,	Wm. K. Schmertz,
William S. Haven,	Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker,	William Vanhorn,
Richard Irvin,	Isaac Whistler.
James D. Kelly.	Wm. P. Wyman,

CASHIER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAS. B. D. MEEDS. y1

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,

Formerly the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

67 Fourth Street,

Nearly Opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED IN 1862

OPEN DAILY from 9 o'clock, and on WADNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office This institution especially offer to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily carried, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bear the interest instead of remaining unproductive.

Board of Managers:

PRESIDENT:
GEORGE A. BERRY.
VICE PRESIDENTS:
S. H. HARTMAN, JAMES PARK, Jr.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
D. E. McKINLEY.

A. BRADLEY,	H. NIMICK,
A. S. BELL,	F. RAHM,
C. H. DILWORTH	SAMUEL RHODES,
G. FOLLANSBEE,	JOHN SCOTT,
JAS. GRAHAM,	D. C. SCHMERTZ,
CHRISTOPHER ZUG.	

SOLICITOR—D. W. & A. H. BELL. mh15:1yr

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Any sum received from One Dollar upward.

Deposits subject to Check. Without Interest.

DISCOUNT DAILY. AT 12 O'CLOCK.

President—THOMPSON BELL.

Vice President—A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS.

THOMPSON BELL, J. GILLESPIE,
JOHN H. DALZELL, A. M. MARSHALL,
JOS. ALBREE.

Stockholders to the amount of $100 make REFERENCE.

Wm. Forsythe,	Joseph Dilworth,
Wm. Caldwell,	Rev. David Kerr,
Willis Dalzell,	Henry Lambert,
W. G. Hartwell,	A. M. Brown,
E. F. Patton.	Thos. Ewing.

ALLEGHENY SAVINGS BANK,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Organized in 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE

Deposits received and six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Monday and Thursday.

DIRECTORS.

G. Wettach,	J. T. Stockdale,
A. Ackley,	Frank Tiernan,
Alexander Morse,	Dr. Denniston,
JAS. L. GRAHAM, President.	

JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. my24

OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

**

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Regular Semi-Monthly Meeting.

A regular meeting of the Allegheny City Councils was held Thursday evening, December 12.

SELECT BRANCH.

Members present: Messrs. Brown, Danver, Drum, Gang, Hall, Myler, McCormick, Patterson, J. C., Patterson, A., Smith, A. D., Smith, Wm., Thomas, and President.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Dunn presented a petition from the citizens residing on the Perrysville Plank Road, within the limits of the city, asking for a plank sidewalk from the termination of the brick sidewalk on the line of said street.

On motion of Mr. Brum, the petition was received and filed.

Mr. Drum presented a petition asking for the removal of a gas lamp at the upper end of Federal street. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Mr. Hall presented a petition from citizens interested in the proposed passenger railway to Hilldale Cemetery, asking for the right of way through certain streets. Referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Myler presented a petition from the Columbia Hook and Ladder Company, asking for the payment of certain bills for repairs to their engine house, accompanied by a resolution authorizing the same to be paid. The bills were as follows:

Blair & Co., for carpenter work.....	$53
Alex. Reed, for work done to engine	40

On motion of Mr. Hall, the matter was referred to the Committee on Engines with power to act.

Mr. Brown, of the Water Committee, presented a petition from said Committee setting forth that the Committee had paid the hands employed during the summer, and asking that the action be endorsed by Councils. Granted.

Mr. A. D. Smith, chairman of Finance Committee, presented the report of the City Controller, submitting for approval bills on the several appropriations amounting to $15,121 24, which he says, in addition to bills previously paid and those ordered to be paid, together with the interest falling due on the first of January, and meeting the requirements of the Sinking Fund, will cover the expenses to the sum of $286,726.37, exceeding the estimated receipts at the beginning of the year $84,596.37. All appropriations except 7, 9 and 13 are exhausted. He recommended that the Finance Committee be authorized to borrow money to pay interest due January 1st, 1868, and to pay bills; that the Controller be authorized to charge up to the several appropriations the bills unpaid at the end of the year, and to carry all balances to appropriation No. 1. The report was accompanied by resolutions providing for carrying out the recommendations.

The following is a recapitulation of the expenditures for December:

Engines and Firemen.....	$ 658 91
Streets and Bridges.....	3,806 61
Wharfs and Landings.....	126 43
Contingent Fund.....	258 35
Water Works.....	10,185 89
Total.....	$15,121 24
City officers, Firemen & Police..	5,372 87
Previously paid.....	219,261 43
Claims unpaid.....	2,985 33
Total to date.....	$242,740 87

The Controller called the attention of Councils to a resolution passed at a previous meeting, authorizing the payment of Smith & Orr out of the Wharf Improvement Fund, and stated there was no such Fund.

The part was received and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Myler presented the report of the Street Committee, accompanied by an ordinance changing the office of Recording Regulator to that of City Engineer. The report was received and the ordinary finally passed.

Mr. Myler presented an ordinance exonerating the contractor from paving a portion of Carroll street, extending fifty-four feet from Federal street.

On motion of Mr. Brum, the ordinance was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Miller presented the report of the viewers on Locust street, in the Fifth ward. The report was laid over until the next meeting.

The President presented the report of the viewers on Union street, which, he said, had been laying in the Controller's office for thirty days, awaiting the approval of Councils.

On motion, the report was approved.

Mr. Myler presented the report of the viewers on the Canal street sewer.

Mr. Myler moved that the report be filed in the Treasurer's office, and that all persons upon whom assessments have been made be personally notified of the amount of their assessments. Adopted.

Mr. A. D. Smith offered an ordinance providing for the negotiation of a portion of the city bonds, by the Finance Committee, in amounts of five hundred dollars, for such sums as the Committee may deem necessary, not, however, to exceed $30,000. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Smith presented a communication from the Finance Committee accompanied by a resolution authorizing them to have prepared, negotiate and sell on the best possible terms, bonds to the amount of $60,000 in accordance with an ordinance passed May 9th, 1867, at a price not less than 90 cents on the dollar. Communication accepted and resolution adopted.

Mr. Patterson offered a resolution authorizing the Gas Committee to procure and put up the lamp posts already ordered. Adopted.

Councils adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Members present: Messrs. Cutler, Drennan, Dill, Hanna, Ingham, Kirkpatrick, Megraw, McDonald, McNeil, Slagle, Smith, Voegtly, Zoller and President Riddle.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Dill presented an ordinance "for better regulating of Councils." The ordinance provided that no member of Councils shall be eligible to a seat in that body, after presenting himself before the people for any office of profit in the city, county or State, and that Councils shall have power to expel any member so offending. Further, that Councils request any employee or employees of the city to hand in his resignation before becoming a candidate for any office of profit.

The Chairman stated that in his opinion Councils had no jurisdiction in the matter. A motion for its adoption was then made and seconded, after which the rules were suspended and the ordinance finally adopted. In Select Council laid on the table.

Mr. Dill also presented the following:

WHEREAS, The expenses of the city for the present year have exceeded those of the past, and in view of a large increase of taxes to meet the demands of the city expenses for the coming year, Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Mayor be instructed to issue his proclamation for a vote to be taken for and against the Common Improvement at the City Election to be held on the second Tuesday of January next.

The resolution was laid on the table without discussion.

Mr. Hanna presented the report of the Committee on Markets, embracing the following statement of receipts for the month of November:

Duncan Dallas, Clerk of Markets	$1,162 20
John S. Edgar, Diamond Scales	495 99
Jas. Hunter, Second ward Scales	354 30
Total.....	$2,012 49

The report was received and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Slagle offered a resolution instructing the City Engineer to ascertain whether the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company were not building a wall on North Canal street, and report the facts to Councils. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Voegtly, from the Committee on Fuses, presented an ordinance "for the better regulation of the Fire Department of the city, which had been prepared by the Committee in conjunction with the Firemen's Association. The ordinance gives the Association charge of the Department, and provides for the appointment of a Chief Engineer at a salary of $1,200 per annum.

Mr. Cutler moved that further consideration of the ordinance be postponed for the present. Carried by a vote of ten yeas to four nays.

Mr. Drennan offered a resolution authorizing the purchase of six sleeping bunks for the use of members of the Elsworth Hose Company. The resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose.

Mr. Smith offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Water to report to Councils the number of feet of water pipe laid during the year, together with the cost of laying the same.

Mr. Smith stated that it was reported that the pipes could have been laid much cheaper in case the work had been given out by contract.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. McNeil presented a resolution in regard to the placing of a Lowry fire plug in the Fifth Ward, and asking that the Committee on Water be directed to inform Councils by what authority it had been done, which was adopted.

A resolution, adopted in Select Council at the November meeting, in regard to postponing the laying of a portion of the pavement of Ridge street, was then taken up, and after considerable discussion was laid on the table.

Council then adjourned.

The Snow Storm.—The snow storm with which we were visited yesterday appears to have been a general one. The storm from both east and west were several hours behind time. There is sixteen inches of snow reported at Crestline and two feet at Altoona.

Committed.—Andrew Stouffer was committed to jail yesterday for a period of ten days, on a charge of disorderly conduct, by Justice J. S. Smith, of Sharpsburgh township.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

—The news from Mexico shows that the people were pretty generally satisfied with the loans negotiated in the United States by Minister Romero during the late civil war. Their amount is considered insignificant, and the people have become reconciled to them, hence the Government becomes stronger as its agent's acts are vindicated. The Government will present a bill to Congress, which shall designate the mode of payment of the outstanding Mexican bonds, and will also determine what bonds are legitimate. All loans of the Emperor are repudiated, Congress annulling the election of certain members of that body who served the late Emperor.

—The fifth match for the billiard championship was played at Montreal, Canada, Wednesday night, between Dion and John M'Devitt. Dion led throughout, sometimes by three hundred points. When Dion had made 1,295 M'Devitt tied him, but the former went away with the lead till he reached 1,488, when he missed, and M'Devitt ran out with a break of 128, winning by twelve points, amid the wildest excitement. M'Devitt's seventy-one were 113, 181, 182 and 128. Dion's runs were 290, 110 and 157.

—A large number of officers of United States colored troops have been mustered out, including Brig. Gen. C. H. Howard, who will doubtless be retained as Civilian Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in the Washington District. A number of veteran Reserve Corps officers have also been mustered out.

—A local freight train on the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad broke through the bridge over the Sandusky river, at Tremont, Ohio, Thursday morning. The engine and ten cars were precipitated into the river, and the Conductor, named Carver, is missing and supposed to have been crushed in the wreck.

—The cholera report at Havana, for eleven days ending Nov. 25th, indicated that out of eight hundred and seventy-one cases there were four hundred and eighty-one deaths.

—Advices from Havana state that the firm of Paris & Hatliff, of Havana, is reported to have failed. Liabilities almost exclusively confined to the Treasury for duty.

—It is reported the Bay of Samana has been tendered the United States for a loan of a million dollars in gold.

—John McLean has resigned the Presidency of Princeton College, New Jersey.

Weather Report.

INDIANAPOLIS—Cold and snowing hard; wind north-east.

CINCINNATI—Cold and snowing.

CRESTLINE—Snowing hard.

COLUMBUS—Snowing and sleeting.

CLEVELAND—Cold and snowing.

HARRISBURG—Cold and snowing hard.

PHILADELPHIA—Cold, windy and snowing.

OIL CITY—Blustering, cold and snowing.

MEMPHIS—Weather cold.

LOUISVILLE—Weather very cold; three inches of snow on the ground.

PHILADELPHIA—A heavy hail and snow storm commenced on Wednesday night and still continues.

BOSTON—The month-east snow storm commenced here at three o'clock, to-day.

River Items.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BROWNSVILLE, Dec. 12.—About six and a half feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; it has been snowing all day.

GREENSBORO, PA., Dec. 12.—River has four feet six inches of water in the channel, and rising slowly. Snowing hard.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 12.—River unchanged. Weather cold and snowy.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 12.—River three and a half feet in canal.

CANADA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, December 12.—In the Commons yesterday the resolutions in reference to the North-West Territory came up for concurrence, and were carried by a large majority.

Severe Gale at Sandusky, O.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SANDUSKY, O., Dec. 12.—The severest storm of wind and snow ever known in this section has been raging for the last twenty hours. The water in the Bay rose five feet and did much damage to shipping. Many chimneys were blown down. No signs of the abatement of the storm at 5 P. M.

The Vermont Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTPELIER, December 12.—The number killed by the railroad accident yesterday was fifteen. Other casualties are over forty, many very severe. Ten feared more will die, and others require amputation.

California News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, December 11.—The recent storm extended throughout the State, doing considerable damage, washing away bridges and interrupting stage travel in the interior.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

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THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER CO.,

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The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by all Farmers who have given it a trial; to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published certificates from almost a hundred responsible and interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any one who will favor us with their address

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(Successors to E. S. BURGER, Agent.

MANUFACTURERS OF

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Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

C. A. MYERS. WM. C. HOPPER. WM. S. WILT.
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UNIVERSAL

WASHING COMPOUND.

AN ENTIRELY NEW PREPARATION.

We are now engaged in manufacturing this valuable article for the retail trade, and we have confidence will give entire satisfaction.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

PLEASE TRY IT.

With it you can save at least from three to five hours' hard labor in the wash house, besides money, time and fuel.

IT WILL PAY. It is invaluable, because it cleans them easily and makes them whiter.

It is also useful for SCRUBBING FLOORS, WASH BOILERS, &c. It is warranted to contain

NO LIME,

or other injurious article. For sale by GROCERS and DEALERS in the retail trade, and wholesale and retail at our office and Salesroom, No. 50 FOURTH STREET.

GEO R SLATER & CO.

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager.

SUNDRIES.

100 boxes Goshen Cheese;	
75 " " Factor do;	
200 " " Hamburg do;	
100 casks Pearash;	
100 " " Soda Ash;	
50 " " Sodaed Soda Ash;	
100 bbls. White Lime;	
200 bbls. Mackerel, Trout White & Fish;	
200 pkgs. Lard;	
20 bbls. Manganese;	
20 " " Fire Clay;	

In store and for sale by

oc6

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE.

5 hhds. Cuba molasses;	
50 bbls. Porto Rico Molasses;	
50 " " Davis & Edgar 30 Test;	
75 " " Lovering's 30 Test;	
15 " " XX Drips do;	
200 " " Sodaed Sugars;	
25 " " Sugar House Sugar;	
25 hhds. choice Porto Rico Sugar;	
10 " " Cuba do;	

SCHOMAKER & LANG,

172 and 174 Wood st.

no15:

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

c19:

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and offer them

5-20 BONDS OF 1867,

interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, December 12, 1867.

Gold declined to-day from 134¾ to 133¾, advanced to 133¾, and closed weak and dull at 133¾. Few persons can give a plausible reason for this sudden and unexpected decline, but it should be borne in mind that the principal support for the gold operators and the extraordinary high premium was mainly caused by the large number of wealthy foreign business houses either banking firms or importers; they had a direct interest in keeping up the premium to enable them to sell their goods, bought two and three months before they could be marketed, at the greatest possible profit. The dullness of business during the fall season and the heavy decline in the value of goods has crippled these magnates, and not only limited their purchasing power, but actually lowered their credit beyond reason. This very class of men were the purchasers of gold at from 131 to 140 before the Pennsylvania elections, and when gold declined, by the manipulations of the Treasury officials, to 137 to 139, that class was forced one by one to sell out their gold and realize; any further decline has only added to the number of these men until they have all sold out, and the same road will disappear as operators in gold. When cotton and other articles of produce commanded a good price in England and whilst these goods were on the; rise, bills at sixty days could be sold and money realized on them as collaterals, but since cotton and other exported merchandise is steadily declining, such bills would neither be accepted in Europe nor have they any value as collaterals. If there was a cause for the appreciation of greenbacks at present, Five Twenty bonds would not sell at 2 in London, and 75¾ in Frankfort; nay, these securities would at last command 79 and 79, respectively. It is evident from these figures that shipments of bonds are out of the question, and in order to pay off European indebtedness gold has to be shipped during a period of distress. It is also apparent that there is a limit for the gold premium is not to be determined upon at present; a rise of American securities in London might carry the premium down to 131, from which point it might rebound to the new issue authorized by this bill but shall demand payment, they shall be paid in paper money except where the law and contract expressly stipulate that it make them payable in coin. The banks are authorized to surrender their bonds at maturity value for greenbacks, and cancel their national currency. The title of this measure is a misnomer. It is a bill for confounding the public debt not for refunding it.—*N. Y. Post.*

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, December 12, 1867.

The inclement weather is having its effect on business, restricting out-door operations, keeping away country buyers, and we fear that in the end our railroads will be blockaded, and transportation very much retarded. The general markets continue dull, and so far as we can discern, there is but little prospect for any immediate improvement; the indications for an early resumption of navigation are not as encouraging as they might be, and until this most desirable event takes place, there is but little show of any improvement in trade generally.

GRAIN—Prime Winter Wheat is in good demand, and may be quoted at $2.70 for Red, and $2.60 for White. Barley is firm but unchanged at $1.75@1.60. Oats firm but unchanged; sales on track at 80@85, and in store, at 76@78c. Corn is firmer and in better demand; may be quoted at $1@1.10 for new, and $1.15@1.18 for old. Rye is still quoted at $1.50@1.55.

FLOUR—The Flour market is steady and firm, with a fair local demand, but prices are unchanged. We now quote at $10.50@11.00 for Family Wheat; $12.50@12 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $8.00, and Buckwheat, $5@5.50 per cwt.

GROCERIES—There are no new characteristics in the grocery market worthy of special notice. The demand continues very light, being restricted almost entirely to supplying immediate wants, while prices have undergone no quotable change.

SUGARS—Cuba, 13@15½c; Porto Rico, 14@14½; Crushed and Granulated, 17½c; "A" Coffee, 75c; "B" do, 16½c.

COFFEE—Fair Rio, 21c; good, 23c; and strictly prime, 26½c.

MOLASSES—Prime Porto Rico, 75@80c; New Orleans—none in market. Syrups range from 90c to $1.10, as to quality.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 35c; Allspice, 33c; Cloves, 45c; Nutmegs, $1.60; Cassia, 80c; Ginger, 35c.

SOAPS—Babbitt's 11½c; Oakley's, 11c; Rosin 8c; Olive, 10c; Dobbin's, 18c.

CANDLES—Mould, 18c; Star, 24c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$8 per case.

STARCH—Pearl Starch, 8½@9c; Corn Starch, 13½@14c; Silver Gloss, 13@13½.

RAISINS—New layer, $4.75 per box; old currants 14c; new do, 16c.

SHOT—$2.35 per bag; Lead 12@12½c.

PROVISIONS—There is a slight improvement in the demand, and the market is reported a shade firmer; sales of Peach Blows at $3@3.25 per bbl. No Sweets in market.

APPLES—Steady with a regular demand; sales in store at $3@4 per bbl for good, to choice.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues dull and drooping; sales at 7@8c for Apples, and 11@13c for Peaches.

CRANBERRIES—Dull at $12@13.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand for prime to choice Roll Butter, and said we can report regular sales at 38@40c. Print may be quoted at 50c.

EGGS—Scarce, and in fair demand but unchanged at 32@33c for fresh packed.

DRESSED HOGS—In fair demand at 8@8½c for fat; prime to choice averages.

BEANS—Dull at $2.25@3.50.

HOMINY—Quoted at $7@7.50.

HAY—Is selling at $15@23.

POULTRY—Chickens, 12½c; Turkeys, 15c; Ducks, 14c. Venison, by whole carcass, 12½@13c. Poultry is dull and very plenty.

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, December 12, 1867.

CATTLE.

The market was a little more active during the past week, the sales in the aggregate being somewhat larger, but there is still plenty of room for improvement. Prime fat cattle were in good demand and limited supply, and as a consequence, brought an advance, while the commoner grades were unchanged, though more active than last week. One drove of fancy Southern cattle were brought 8½c, but this cannot be taken as a fair index of the market, as this particular grade of cattle is not offered very often in this or any other market. Good to prime butchers cattle may be quoted at 7c to 7½c, and medium ditto at 6 to 6½. For the commoner grades of stock, there is not much inquiry, and relatively speaking, prices are not so high as for prime cattle.

HOGS.

The Hog market has again been quite active this week, and with favorable weather for slaughtering, our packers bought pretty freely, as did also the eastern shippers. Compared with last week, prices are still further advanced, and at the advance, there appeared to be a very good demand, and about all that was offered were taken. On Wednesday afternoon, Messrs. Harbaugh & Co. (packers) bought four car loads, and E. H. Myers & Co. (packers) six car loads.

SHEEP.

The Sheep market has been moderately active during the past week, the sales, in the aggregate, being about up to the usual standard, but prices have undergone no material change, ranging from $2.25 to $4.40 per cwt., gross, for inferior to prime fat mutton Sheep. The shipments east for the week were 6,819 head, showing an increase of 1228, compared with the previous week.

SHIPMENTS OF LIVE-STOCK EAST.

The shipments of stock East during the past week from the Pennsylvania Central Stock Yards were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Philadelphia	334	4212	2486
N. Y. via Allentown	1064	10,093	1937
Baltimore		904	
Way Stations	223	1135	1168
Totals	1,621	16,644	5,591
December 5	1,589	20,976	6,819

TRANSACTIONS IN SHEEP PER CWT. AND HEAD.

Seller.	Buyer.	No.	Price.
Gliss & L. to Gliss & L.		30	$ 90
B S Philipps to G Stor		284	3 75
Gliss & L. to Mountsville		182	3 75
Gliss & L to Pidcock & Co		36	3 75
D C Burrell to Pidcock & Co		194	4 00
D & F Kelley to Stor		200	3 75
D R Neely to Kase		109	3 75
Hedges & Taylor to Kase		100	3 10
T P Pollock to Kase		87	3 75
C O Bonnars to Kase		65	3 75
Hedges & T to Dilworth		82	3 75
J F Anderson to Deitrich		474	3 87
Hedges & Taylor to Pratt		288	3 75
S & Scott to Hedges & T		265	3 75
S Chapman to C Barkley		162	3 80
Hedges & T to Messenger		400	3 80
Keller & Marlow to Barkley		165	3 75
Smith & T to J Reule		187	3 25
Gliss & L to Reule		84	3 60
A Lukins to Reule		175	3 75
Gliss & L to Lloyd		88	3 75
Gliss & L to Stor		284	3 75
Gliss & L to Lloyd		171	3 75
G S Dietz to Keller		187	4 00

TRANSACTIONS IN CATTLE PER CWT.

Seller.	Buyer.	No.	Price.
Clark to McArdle		18	$5 87
Fried to Hoering		14	6 00
Gliss & L to Auil		18	6 87
Gliss & L to Klemens		19	6 87
Gliss & L to Kiemens		24	6 87
Gliss & L to McArdle		21	6 87
Hedges & T to Moses & Co		4	6 50
Hedges & T to Moses		8	6 50
Hedges & T to McGruder		17	6 75
Johnson to Chimpson		22	6 75
Hedges & T to Moses		11	6 75
Johnson to Evans		17	6 80
Reeder to Blair		40	6 00
McGuinerty & Auchenbaugh		2	6 00
Mostrader to Zimmers		2	6 00
Hedges & T to Marshall		20	6 50
Auil to Moses		8	7 00
Brown to Klemens		49	6 50
Klemens to Shiel		24	6 50
McGruder to Auil		4	6 00
McGruder to Dilworth		4	6 00
Hether to Mosier		22	6 00
Shanberg to McPherson		8	6 12
Carail to Mosier		9	6 12
Garrail to Mosier		9	6 12
Garrail to Auil		11	6 12
Smith & T to Brimstine		9	6 25
Wagner to Cassady		45	6 25
Hedges & T to Messenger		59	6 50
Gliss & L to Auil		15	6 50
Gliss & L to Auil		1	6 50

TRANSACTIONS IN HOGS PER CWT. AND HEAD.

Seller.	Buyer.	No.	Price.
Messenger & Co to Gilchrest		105	$7 12
Head & Graham to Gilchrest		113	7 00
Smith to Gilchrest & Co		142	7 00
Fliss & L to Gilchrest		141	7 00
Gilchrest to Gilchrest		280	7 00
McIlvaine to Gilchrest		280	7 00
Gliss & L to Gilchrest		59	7 00
Robinson to Gilchrest		511	7 00
Gliss & L to Gilchrest		124	7 00
Coulter to Gilchrest		55	7 25
McClain to Gilchrest		99	7 00
Fox to Singer & J		57	7 00
Fox to Singer & J		90	7 00
Fox to Singer & J		57	7 00
Leonard to Singer & J		100	7 00
Robinson to Singer & J		117	7 00
Seaton to Singer & J		98	7 00
Gliss & L to Singer & J		110	7 00
Barns to Singer & J		81	7 00
Gliss & L to Singer & J		102	7 00
Gliss & L to Singer & J		109	7 00
Coulbrus to Singer & J		79	7 10
Gliss & L to Singer & J		106	7 10
Gliss & L to Singer & J		101	7 00
Hollis to Singer & J		90	7 15
Boles to Singer & J		107	7 00
Singer & J to Messenger & Co		141	7 00
Seymour to Messenger & Co		118	7 00
Gliss & Co to Messenger & Co		118	7 00
Gliss & L to Messenger		111	7 00
Hedges & T to Messenger		61	7 00
Uhl to Messenger		63	7 00
Gliss & L to Messenger		76	7 00
Crist to Messenger		262	7 00
Mullin to Messenger		68	7 00
Foster to Messenger		123	7 00
McHugh to Messenger		92	7 00
Payne to Messenger		228	7 00
Hedges & T to Messenger		131	7 00
Hedges & T to Messenger		74	7 00
Kelson to Messenger		59	7 00
Hamilton to Messenger		38	7 00
Hedges & T to Messenger		54	7 00
McKee to Barns		74	6 40
Singer & J to Barns		74	6 40
Bennet to Barns		10	6 40
Singer & J to Barns		13	6 40
McKee to Barnes		147	6 90
Singer & J to Barns		13	6 38
McKee to Barnes		147	6 90
Seaver to Barnes		201	6 90
Hedges & T to Harbaugh & Co		107	6 90
Gliss & L to Harbaugh & Co		101	6 90
Seymour to Harbaugh		83	6 90
Sailer to Harbaugh		116	6 90
Miller to Harbaugh		93	6 90
Hedges & T to Harbaugh		137	6 90
Gliss & L to Harbaugh & Co		112	6 90
Martins & Co to Harbaugh		106	6 90
Barns to E H Myers		100	6 90
Gliss & L to Myers		106	6 85
Heath to Myers		122	7 25
Patridge to Myers		45	7 00
Heath to Myers		101	7 10
Lamb to Drippe & Co		59	7 10
Gorber to Drippe		101	7 10
Hedges & T to Drippe		48	7 10
Neely to Drippe		99	7 30
Marsh to Drippe		102	7 30
Smith & T to Drippe		27	7 00
Huffman to Drippe		57	7 20
Hewsning to Drippe		59	7 20
Knowles to Smith		120	6 60
Hanlin to Smith		99	6 60
Hout to Smith		110	6 85
Metzler to Smith		182	6 85
Metzler to Smith		118	6 85
Metzler to Smith		112	6 85
Metzler to Smith		113	6 85
Glass to Smith		141	6 87
Glass to Smith		224	6 75
Glass to Smith		84	6 90
Glass to Graver		123	6 90
Glass to Graver		102	6 90
Dravis to Graver		5	6 90
Curdy to Orr		120	6 60
Hedges & T to Orr		261	6 60
Combs to Orr		107	6 62
Williams to Orr		118	6 62
Meder & T to Orr		10	6 62
Donald to Orr		111	6 67
Hieckwood to Orr		91	6 67
Hedges & T to Orr		41	6 67
Brainard to Crouse		13	6 80
Glass to Crouse		61	6 80
Browning to Crouse		67	6 80
Rhodenbaugh to Crouse		67	6 80
Hedges & T to Crouse		67	6 80
Glass to Crouse		67	6 80
Glass to Crouse		68	7 05
Glass to Crouse		72	7 05
Glass to Crouse		109	7 10
McCurdy to Crouse		61	6 90
McCurdy to Crouse		93	7 10
Heffner to Crouse		105	7 10
Coulter to Crouse		121	7 00
Holden & B. to Crouse		53	7 00
Porter to Crouse		55	7 00
Warner to Crouse		262	7 10
Heisler & Co to Pidcock		141	7 00
Metzler to Pidcock		140	7 00
Quirk to Pidcock		111	7 00
McClaine to Pidcock		142	7 00
McGallister to Pidcock		179	7 00
Smith to Pidcock		102	6 90
Dripp & S. to Pidcock		11	6 90
Boyd to Pidcock		63	6 90
Glass to Pidcock		60	6 90
Porter to Pidcock		128	6 95
Sheaffer to Pierce		120	6 95
Mulberry to Pierce		99	6 95
Vantilburg to Pierce		122	6 70
Hedges & T to Messenger		94	6 70
Deeds to Coulter		91	6 75
Deeds to Coulter		55	6 55
McCurdy to Crouse		65	6 75
McConnell to Crouse		55	7 25
Crawford & C. to Crouse		68	6 70

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 12.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton dull at 13c for middling. Flour in better demand at full prices; superfine $6.50@7.40; extra $8.20@10.; 25 choice and choice $11.50@12.25; fancy $13.25@14.00. Wheat in better demand at $2.85@2.70 for prime red and white fall, and $1.75 for spring. Corn quiet at $1.05@1.06, and closed dull and lower at 88c@91. Oats firm at 57@58c for fall. Rye steady at $1.05. Provisions quiet but firm; small sales mess pork at $27.50. Bacon —clear sides 14½c. Lard quiet; small sales tierces at 12½c. Hogs, with 25,000 to 30,000 head in the market, prices declined to 6¼@6½c, closing at 6½c, except for extra choice. Receipts for past two days—flour, 3,500 bbls; wheat, 1000 sacks, corn, 3,700 bush; oats, 1,600 bush; barley, 1,500 bush; rye, 900 bush; hogs, about 15,000 head. Weather cold and freezing with a slight snow this morning.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, December 12, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was exceedingly dull to-day, not a single sale reported, while prices are nominally unchanged. Oil in bulk cars to arrive, or on spot, cannot fairly be quoted above 70; it is possible that under peculiar circumstances, such as a short seller having a high priced contract, the time of maturity being nearly up, might be willing to pay 8c, or even 9c, for the reason that if he has not the oil to make a tender, the contract is void and of no account. An Oil City telegram quotes the market dull and nominal at 61@62c.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil, owing, we presume, to continued unfavorable advices from Antwerp, was dull and neglected to-day, but a single sale reported, 1000 bbls for all the month, buyer's option, at 25c. This is a decline of half a cent, compared with yesterday, and fully a cent, compared with Monday and Tuesday, sales having been made on these days at 25½ to 26c. There is but little offering at these figures in this market; indeed, there is but little here to offer; and as has been the case for some time past, our refiners are buying in Philadelphia to cover their forward contracts. The stock of oil in this market is exceedingly light, indeed, almost exhausted, and the shipments continue very insignificant.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Dilworth & Bro., 100 bbls benzine to F. A. Dilworth, Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 204 do refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

J. Miller, 47 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co., 50 do do to D. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

H. A. Stewart, 50 do do to Dawing & Cook Baltimore.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Cotton dull, heavy and lower; sales of 1,800 bales at 29½@30½c for uplands; 31½@32c for Orleans. Flour 5,000 bbls at 5c@10c lower; sales of 7,100 bbls at $8.50@9.15 for superfine state; $9.55@13.20 for extra state; $9.30@13.00 for Round Hoop Ohio; St. Louis $12@18.00 for good to choice extra, closing quiet; California flour dull; sales of 500 sacks at $12.25@13.00; sales 200 bbls of rye flour at $7.50@8.25. Whiskey dull and unchanged. Wheat, receipts of 88,000 bush; 2@3c lower; sales of 7,500 bus No. 2 Chicago at $2.31. Rye firm; sales of 400 bus of Northern at $1.47. Barley scarce and firm; sales of 1,800 bus Canada West at $1.90. Malt quiet. Cor